

Cover of letter from Poona with despatchstamp in blackand INDIA UNPAID in black addressed to Winchester, U.K. The letter sent via Marsailles. Transit stamp BOMBAY dated 9<sup>th</sup> August 1858-8of date slug inverted- London receipt stamp RED dated 15<sup>th</sup> September 1858 and Winchester arrival 16<sup>th</sup> September 1858. The charge would appear



A letter despatched from LONDON on the 23<sup>rd</sup> September 1839 addressed to Lt Colonel Reed, Her Majesty's 54<sup>th</sup> Foot in Madras. The postage of 2/6 was paid in London and the Maltese Cross Paid Date in Red confirms this. This is, however, is the postage to the port. The letter arrived in India on the 25<sup>th</sup> November1839 and the BOMBAY Date Bearing stamp (HG18) in black was applied. The postage to be paid by the addressee was 10As. The letter was then sent to Madras where two stamps were applied. Both are in Red, the first G.P.O. date is a general stamp. The second cannot be described





An entire letter from a solicitor in Ramsgate dated 17 Feb 1853 addressed to Captn E.Coxen, 60<sup>th</sup> Rifles, Jullundeer, Punjab, Bengal The letter contains a long history of an estate together with an account of expenses. Very interesting. The letter was received in Bombay, Handstamp HGSR6 in Black in use from 1844 to 1857 and shows Steamer postage As.1 and Inland postage As2, Pes 3. The date MA25 1853. There is a further handstamp in Blue which is not understood. On the reverse, there is a further handstamp which is not clear.



An envelope sent from the U.K. and addressed to "The Magistrate and Collector" at Mirzapore. The despatch stamp on the front is dated 3<sup>rd</sup> December 1856. There is a Bombay receipt stamp in black, Type HG SR6 dated Jan 1857 and the letter has been redirected to Goruckpore with a receipt handstamp dated Goruckpore 21 Jan 1857. It would appear that there was As.6 to pay.



An entire from the military accounts dated April 1842 relating to the amount paid for passage of Captain Dunbar to the U.K. on furlough . He subsequently retired from the service and therefore apparently had to pay his own passage home. From the arrival date of the letter in London ii can be deduced that the letter left Bombay in the E.I.C. ship "Berenice" on the 3<sup>rd</sup> May 1842. The "INDIA" in an elipse which was applied by the Post Office, Bombay is HG. SD 7 in use from 1840 -56. It arrived in Suez on the 20<sup>th</sup> May. The mail was then sent overland to Alexandria and loaded into the P & O ship "Orient" which sailed for Malta on the 25<sup>th</sup> May arriving on the 29<sup>th</sup> May. The mail was then transhipped on to the H.M.Packet "Polyphemeus" which sailed for Marsailles on the 29<sup>th</sup> May and arrived in Marsailles on the 1st June and London on the 6<sup>th</sup> June 1842. Transit time: 5 weeks.



An entire letter addressed to Captain G.Wingate, ?, Bombay and redirected to JALGAUM? from a friend in London. Captain Wingate was the Superintendent of Revenue Survey in South Mahratta Country. The letter is dated 17th November 1852. On the reverse is "Devonshire St", which is clearly the post office in London. There is no indication of the amount of postage paid. There is also a despatch stamp 17th November 1852. On the front is the Bombay handstamp, HG 20 (Dims revised by HG) with the date of receipt 29th December 1852, Bearing 4Annas..This would indicate that postage in the U.K was only paid to Bombay. The letter was apparently redirected to "Jalgaum?" There is a faint second Bearing stamp:

The receiving Post Office and the same as the manuscript below. The date in manuscript is 1st January 1853 and Bearing 4 As. Transit Time: 45 Days.



An entire letter dated 15<sup>th</sup> April 1847 from a lawyer in Bombay addressed to a friend in the Inner Temple, London. He discusses various people in poor health :famiuly matters: and also the possibility of returningto the U.K. There is the usual ovel handstamp "INDIA" indicating that it was posted in Bombay. The Southampton receipt stamp is dated 28<sup>th</sup> May 1847. The letter left Bombay aboard the EIC Ship "Moozaffir" on the 15<sup>th</sup> April arriving in Aden on the 24<sup>th</sup>. It was then transhipped into the P&O Ship "Haddington" which left Aden on the 30<sup>th</sup> April and arrived in Suez on the 8<sup>th</sup> May. The letter was carried overland and loaded into the P&O ship "Orient" in Alexandria , which left for Southampton on the 11<sup>th</sup> May and arrived in Southampton on the 28<sup>th</sup> May and London on the 29<sup>th</sup> May 1850 Trnasit time 43 days. On the front is the charge of Sh1/-for the uniform ½ oz packet rate.



## INDIA POSTAL HISTORY COVER HANDSTUCK POSTAGE 1858



Small cover to Bombay, bearing in black 'BOMBAY/SHIP LETTER/18..../BEARING 1AS.' (VALUE OUTSIDE) - GILES TYPE SR 3 black ship letter handstamped receipt stamp and at reverse, 'BOMBAY /OC 26/1858' black miscellaneous handstamp - GILES TYPE X1. Wax seal remnant seen at back. Fine.



Entire cross written letter from the son of Lady Tyler dated 18<sup>th</sup> August 1850from Ahmedabad. The Letter has the INDIA in oval frame indicating passing through Bombay, and the black Bombay despatch date stamp. Probably a London receipt stamp in Red and a Cardiff receipt stamp in Black dated5th October 1850.





A part letter from an army pay Sergeant in Bombay countersigned by the officer in charge ,despatched Bombay with a Bombay General Post Office stamp H.G G3 in black in use from 1844-59. The date is probably 29<sup>th</sup> May 1844. Received in Dundee 16<sup>th</sup> August 1844. The letter refers to the estate of a soldier in India stating that after six months , the estate will be paid froom India House, on application.t



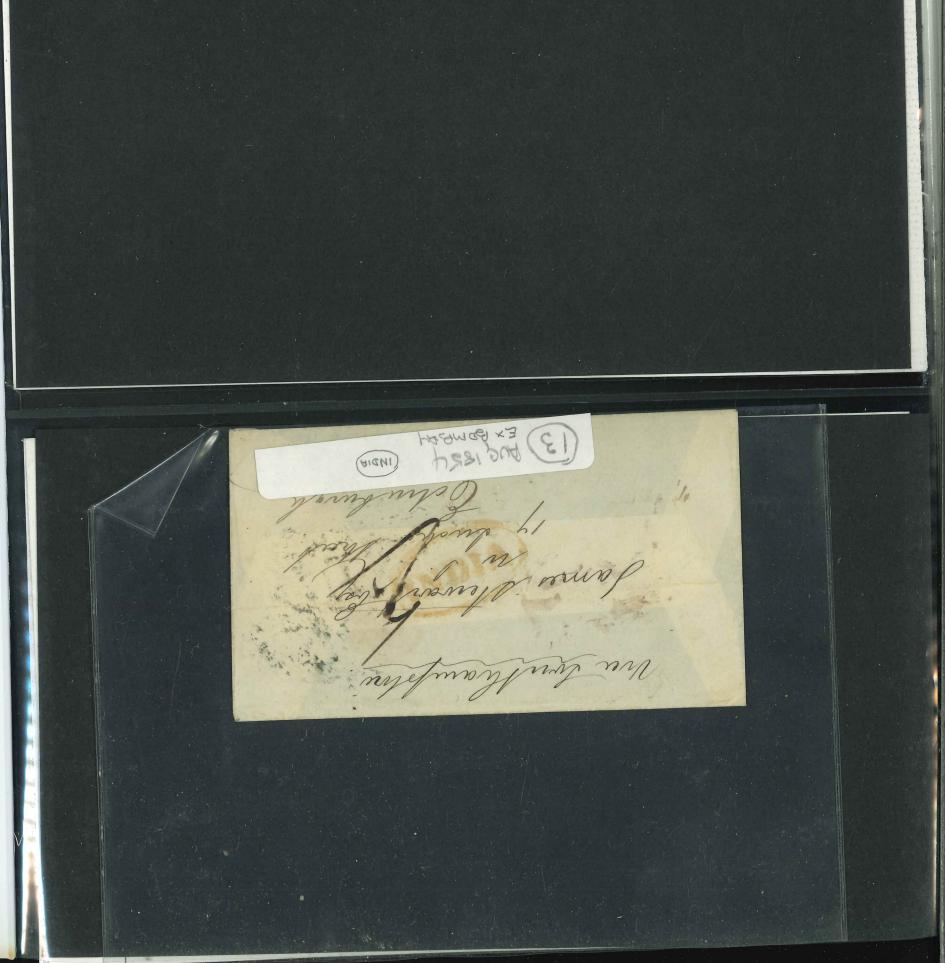
Entire letter dated 12<sup>th</sup> December 1853 posted in Bombay addressed to London. The BOMBAY IN AN OVAL 37MM x 20MM SIMILAR TO HG/SD 7 but dimensions differ. Reverse shows Bombay General Post Office stamp HG/G4 in black in use 1850-55. The letter would have been despatched by the post office in the ship QUEEN which left Bombay on the 14<sup>th</sup> December arriving Aden 23<sup>rd</sup> December. Then in the Bengal which left Aden for Suez on the 23 December arriving Suez 29<sup>th</sup> December. Left Alexandria in the Colombine on 4<sup>th</sup> January 1854 and arrived Malta 7<sup>th</sup> January. Transhipped onto Vectis on 7<sup>th</sup> January and arrived on 12<sup>th</sup> January.1854



An early form of envelope sent from Bombay to the U.K (Edinburgh) via Southampton

The front of the letter has the usual INDIA IN OVAL which was used in the Bombay Post Office from 1837 to 1857. The rear of the letter has the Bombay G.P.O despatch handstamp type HG G4 in Black with the date 14 AP 1854, the date slug is reversed. There is a U.K transit stamp in RED DATED 24 May 1854 and a delivery stamp in BLACK dated 25 May 1854.









An interesting letter from 1844 which originated in Africa although there is no indication on the outside. The writer addresses his children and talks about his visit to Natal. The content indicates that he is a missionary. The letter has entered India via Madras probably in charge of a ship' captain The Madras Post Office has affixed the Madras Ship Letter Stamp (Bearing) in black with a charge of As.13 to Bombay. The Bombay Post Office have then used the Bombay 'Bearing' stamp and charged an extra As.1-3 to Rajkot. Note the Bombay G.P.O. stamp on the reverse which was in use from 1844. There was clearly not a direct route at this time between Africa and Bombay.



The above is an example of the Bombay Ship Letter Stamp. This letter was in use from 1837 until 1860. The stamp shows that postage has not been paid. It would appear that the destination of the letter was the Persian Gulf.

An entire letter dated 29<sup>th</sup> August 1849 from Inspector of Bombay Police to East India Company, London with the INDIA HG SD7, the ellipse appears to be 37mm X 20mm not 37mm X 26mm as stated by HG. There are no other Indian postal markings. The letter left Bombay in the East India steam Ship "Ajdaha" on the 1<sup>st</sup> September and arrived in Aden on the 12<sup>th</sup> September and was transferred to the "Bentinck" which sailed for Suez on the 13<sup>th</sup> September. It was then carried overland and loaded into the "Medina" at Alexandria which sailed for Malta on the 22<sup>nd</sup> September and arrived on the 2th September and was loaded on the same day on to the "Euxine" and arrived in Southampton on the 8<sup>th</sup> October 1849. On the reverse is the U.K. handstamp dated 8<sup>th</sup> Ocrober 1849. The postage appears to be Sh2/init/ially applied but later cancelled. The Pensioner concerned apparently was living in Leeds, Yorkshire. A reply was sent to Bombay by the Company on the 20<sup>th</sup> February 1850. Six Months after the letter was despatched.!!!

