A drive for postal reform resulted in the introduction of Uniform Fourpenny Post on December 5, 1839 as an interim measure before the adoption of the Uniform Penny Post. Before Uniform Fourpenny Post mail rates were calculated by number of sheets and distance. With Uniform Fourpenny post, charges were by ½ oz and irrespective of distance. This new rate structure was only in effect for less than five weeks.

Large Rate Markings

Black Ink = Unpaid

Short lived: less than 5 weeks

Letters under ½ oz charged 4d irrespective of distance



Mr. John M.K., Mcc. Mily Cas.

Scottish Widows' Fund and Life Assurance Society,

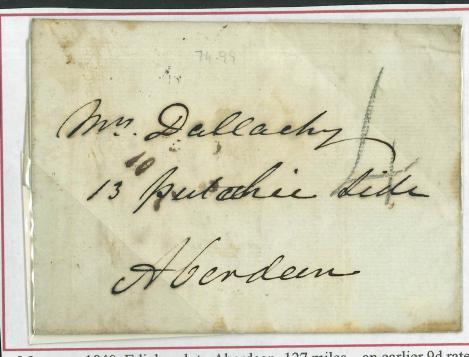
5. St. Andrew's Square,

EDINBURGH.

Rates by distance, prior to Uniform Fourpenny Post, were particularly high in Scotland as a matter of geography.

Letters going to England from towns in Scotland often cost more than one shilling to mail. Regular use of mail was out of reach for much of the population. For reference, one penny was the rate for one typical hour of labor.

Mr Aven to More Hathurs Mels" Walker, Richardson, & Metville PAT Mol. Edinburgh Paid. John Hamilton Resquire Edinburgh



5 January, 1840, Edinburgh to Aberdeen, 127 miles—an earlier 9d rate. 4d, Uniform Inland Rate. Note: Rate reduced to 1d *five* days later.



Hugh Bramsen leggs
breat King Streets
Edinburgh

RATE ENTRE (1 02 RATE
WITH MIS & MRED
hera ferom Glavyou

Landroph - most
emanual crem as

Los coll many
Sent and

THE UNIFORM FOURPENNY POSTAGE

Prior to the introduction of the Uniform Penny Postage, an experiment of uniform postage commenced on December 5th, 1839 at the 4d. rate and lasted until January 9th, 1840. Since this was such a short period, only a few towns had time to prepare a 4d. hand stamp. Almost all the Post Towns used a manuscript "4" as indication of the rate charge.



This letter from England has a manuscript "4" for the fourpenny rate and is postmarked December 9, 1839.