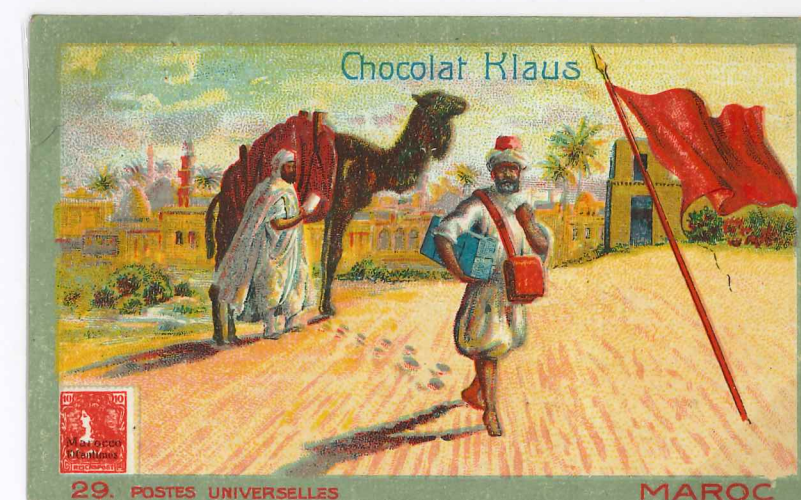
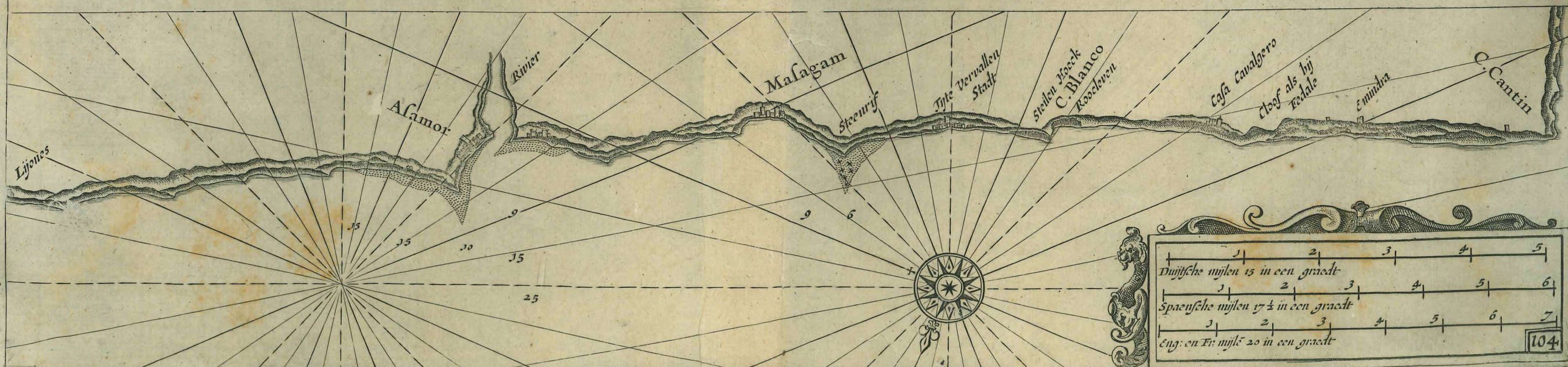
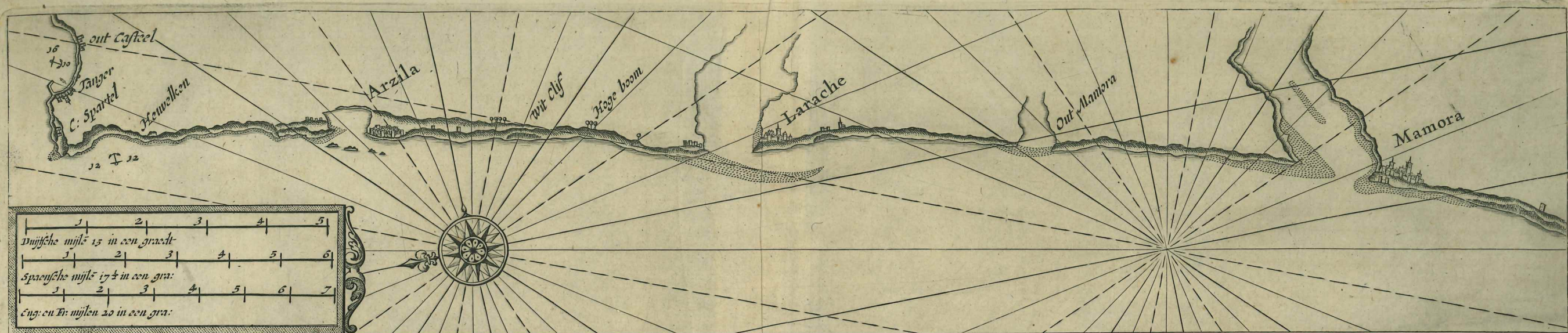


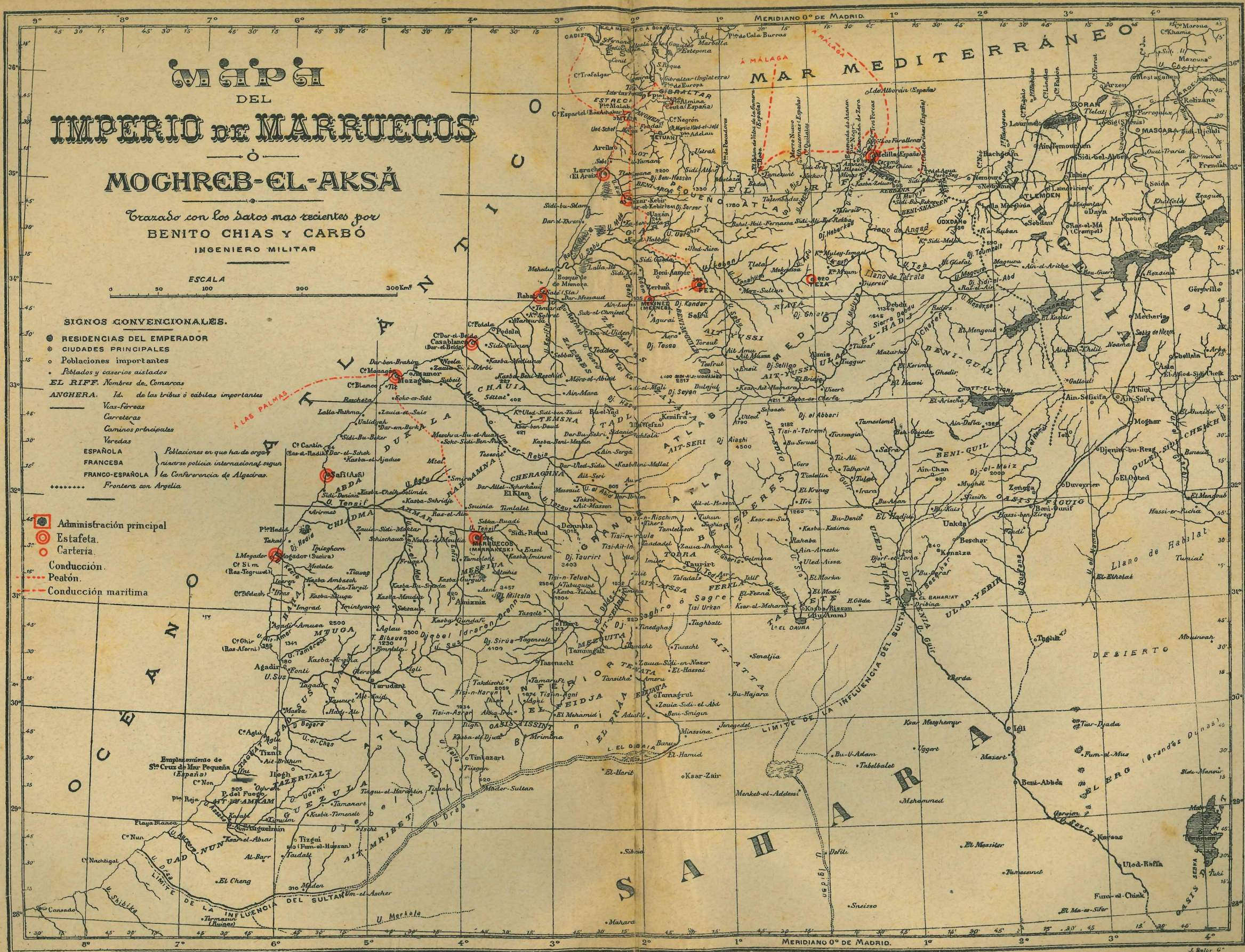


Front of a box that contained 100 Postcards of Morocco issued by M Flandrin of Casablanca
Possibly used to contain cards sold to other retailers rather than direct to the public.



Chocolate manufacturers "trade card"





MIPÍ

DEL

IMPERIO DE MARRUECOS

MOGHEB-EL-AKSÁ

Tratado con los datos mas recientes por
BENITO CHIAS Y CARBÓ
INGENIERO MILITAR

SIGNOS CONVENCIONALES.

- RESIDENCIAS DEL EMPERADOR
- CIUDADES PRINCIPALES
- Poblaciones importantes
- Poblados y caseríos aislados
- EL RIFF. Nombres de Comarcas
- ANGHERA. Id. de las tribus o cabilas importantes
- Vías férreas
- Carreteras
- Camino principales
- Vedas
- ESPAÑOLA
- FRANCESA
- FRANCO-ESPAÑOLA
- Frontera con Argelia
- Administration principal
- Estafeta
- Carteria
- Conducción
- Peatón
- Conducción marítima



C. Graham del.

A.H. Payne sc.

Mogador.

London: Brain & Payne, 12, Paternoster Row.

Gran Teatro Cervantes

FUNCIÓN PARA HOY DOMINGO 9 DE JUNIO DE 1918.
A LAS 10 EN PUNTO.

- 1.º Sinfonía por los profesores Sra. LÓPEZ y Sr. NÚÑEZ.
- 2.º EL TRATAMIENTO (1 parte).
- 3.º LA RAZÓN DEL MAS FUERTE (1 parte).
- 4.º y 5.º ESTRATAGEMA ALEXIA (2 partes).
- 6.º y 7.º EL DRAMA DEL CASTILLO DE ARRE.

--- PRECIOS POPULARES ---
Plateas Ptas. 1.-PALCOS y BUTACAS 0.50.
Anfiteatro 0.30.-GENERAL 0.15.

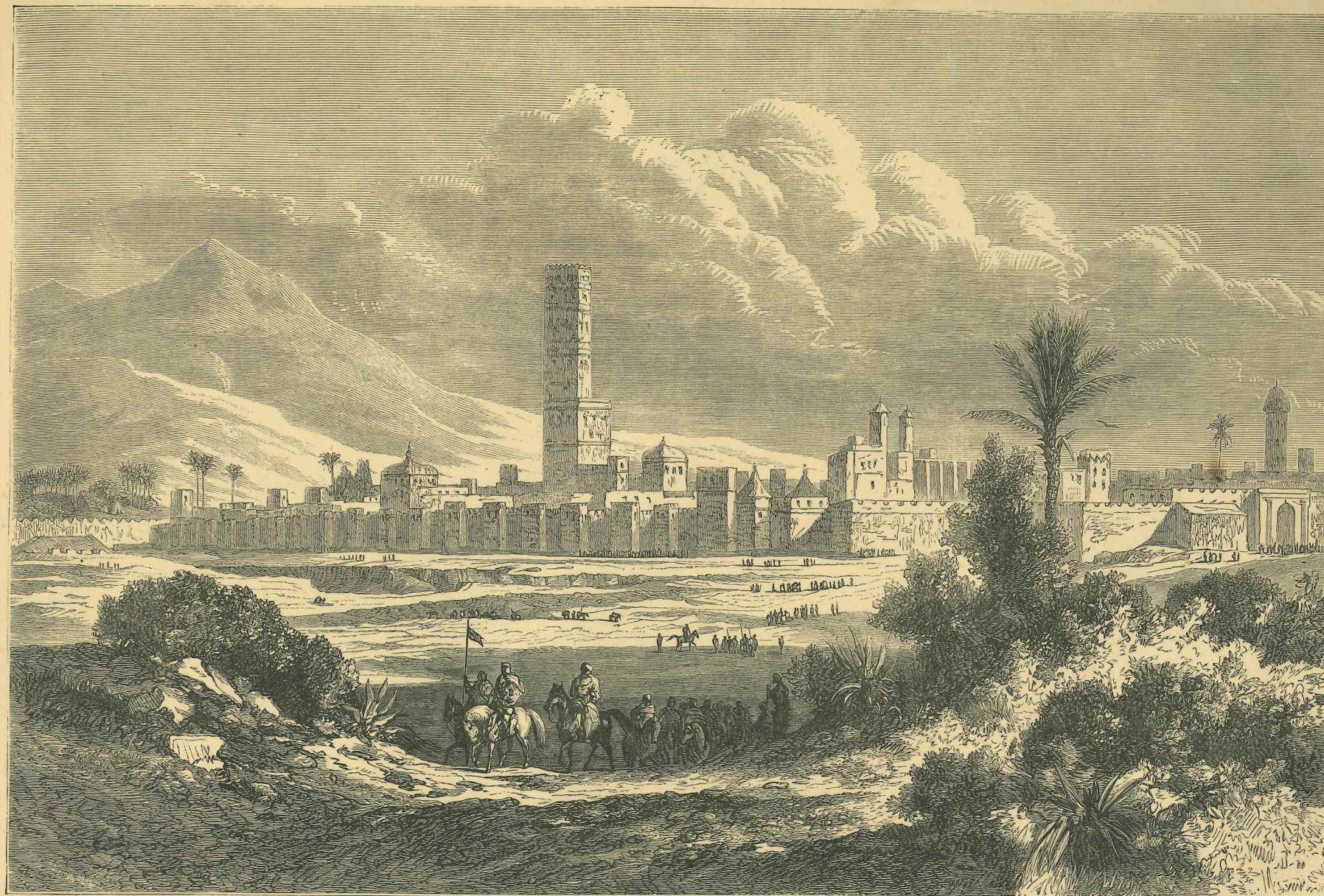
Mañana Lunes 1.º, 2.º y 3.º episodio de la magnífica e interesantísima película

EL LIRIO PURPURA LOS MISTERIOS DEL HAREM

Por estar comprometida en varios puntos y tener que llevarse el representante esta magnífica película, se proyectará solo en dos veces a pesar de su elevado precio.

Pasado mañana concluirá con el 4.º 5.º y último episodio y se seguirá proyectando JUDEX.

"EL LIRIO PURPURA"

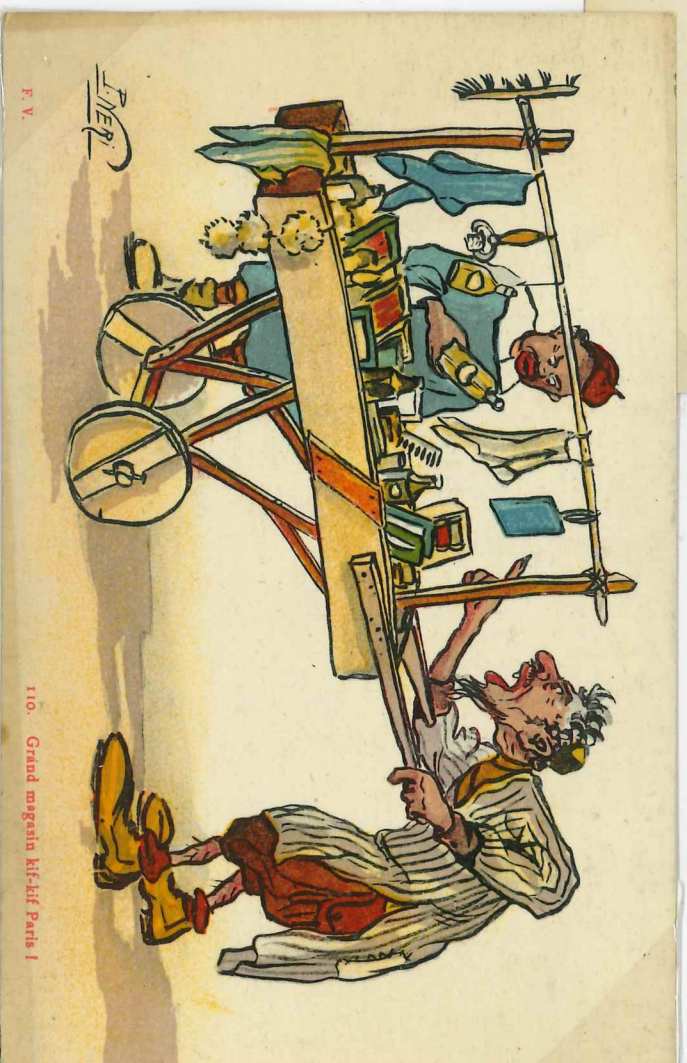
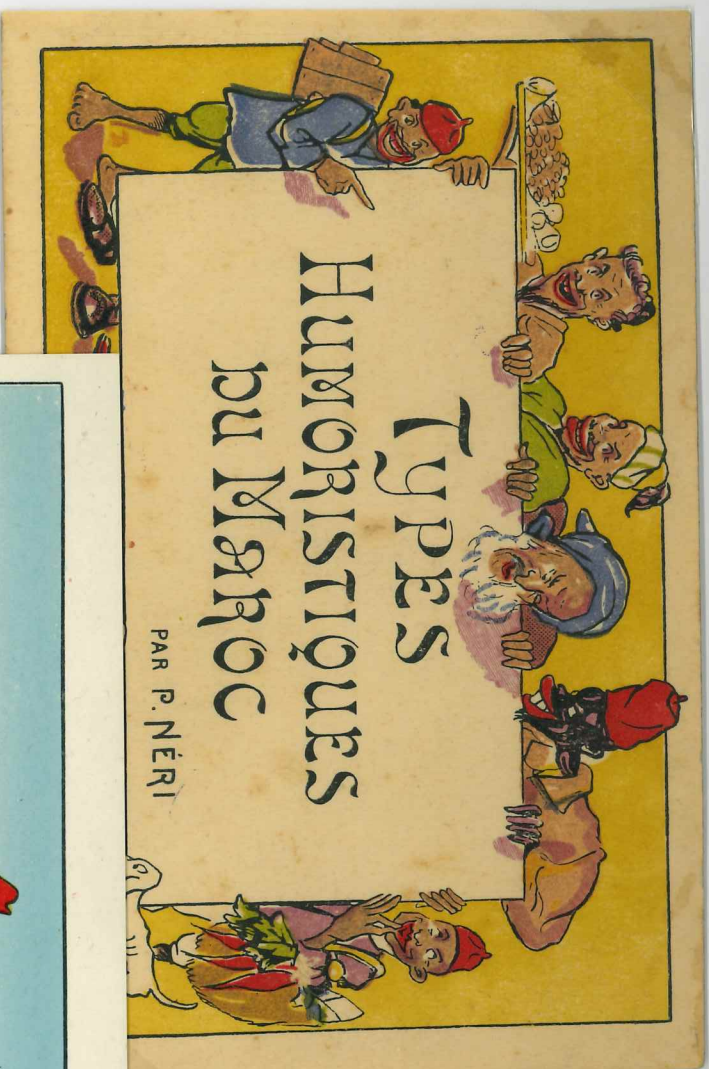


CITY OF MOROCCO.

3 E

VOL. I

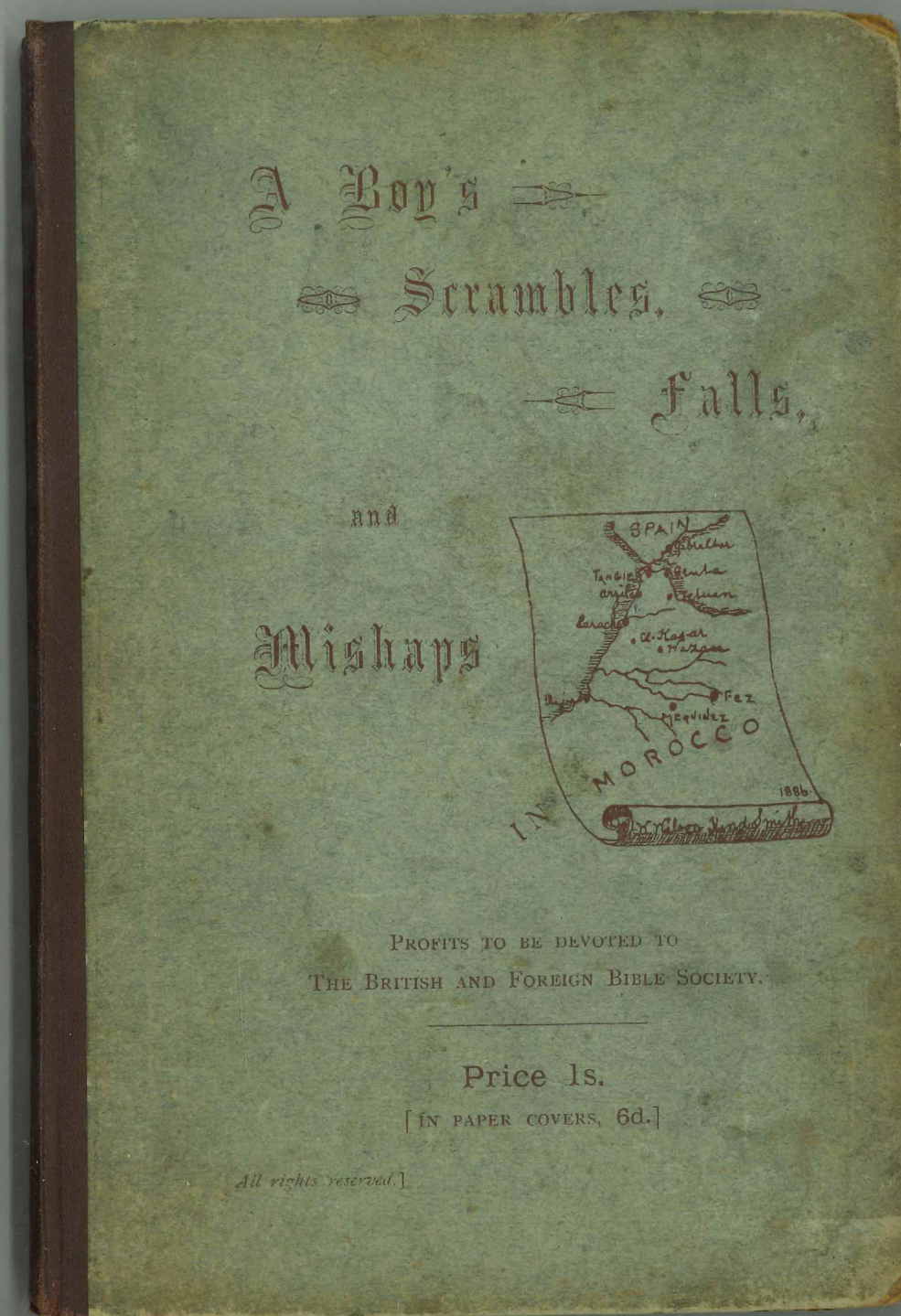
Etching of unknown provenance but obviously removed from a book.
The "City of Morocco" is a term used to describe Marrakesh prior to the 20th Century.



Examples of a series of "comic" postcards drawn by "P Néri"
The first item is apparently the cover from a book of these cards.
The second item is published by Flandrin in Casablanca.
The third is published by "P Madelaine again in Casablanca
The last is published in Paris.



Early Albumen photo of the port at Tangier



"A Boys Scrambles, Falls and Mishaps in Morocco"

By W Wilson Hind Smith

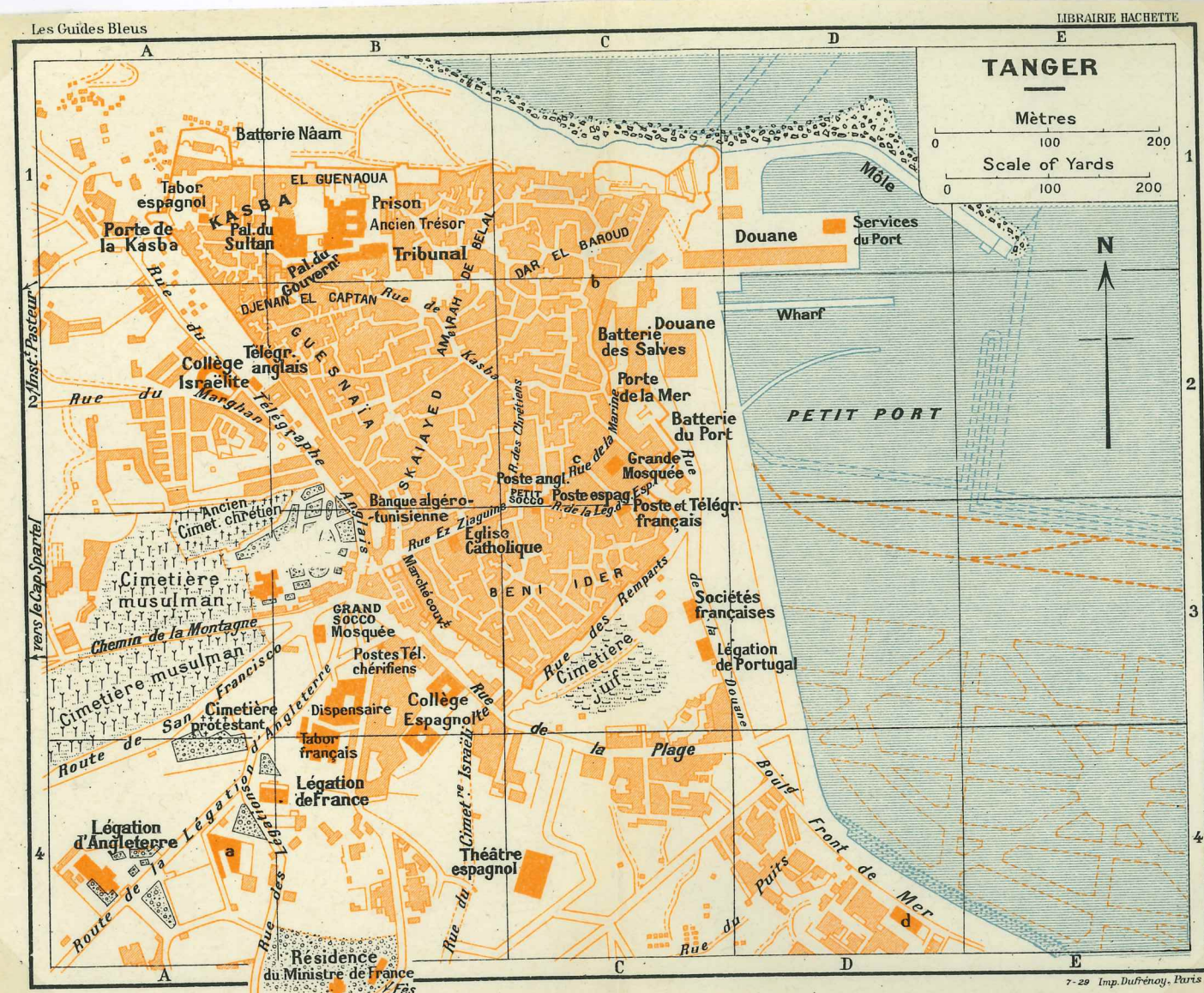
Published 1886

This contains the narrative of missionary journeys in Morocco between
23 March and 10 May 1886



Merchants advertising card





Map of Tangier ex Hachette "les Guides Bleus".

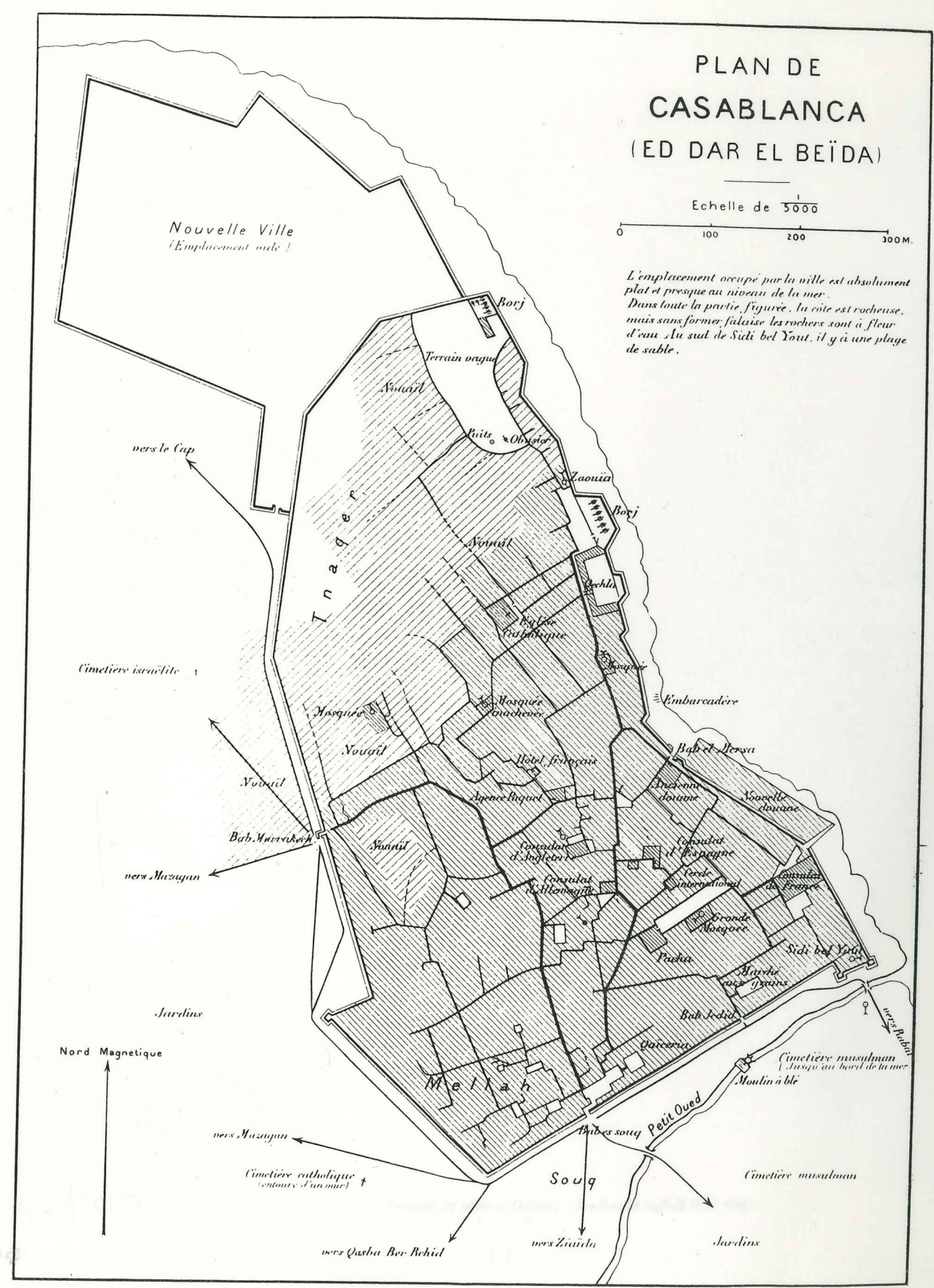


FIG. 6. — Plan de Casablanca en 1906.

SUSSEX BAR

5, RUE DE FES (PLACE DE FRANCE)

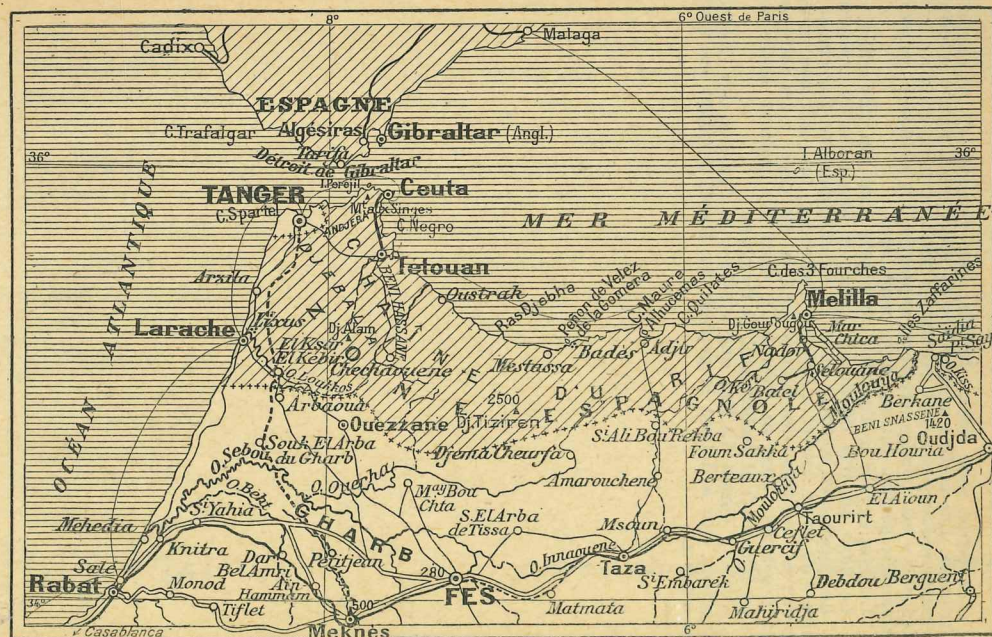
The Only British Bar
Cheaper than any other in Tangier

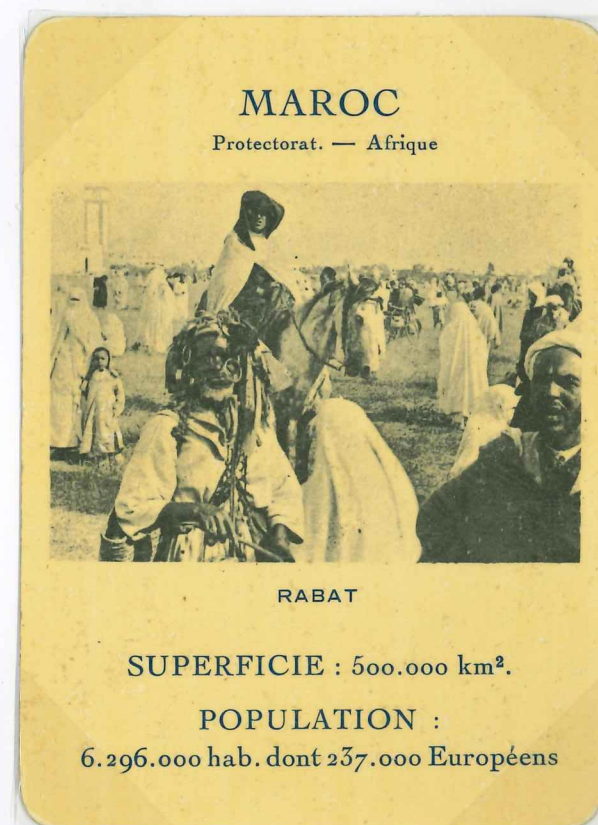
ENGLISH DART BOARD.



Come along and see us,
and enjoy yourselves 100 %.

"Adverting Flyer" for the "Sussex Bar" in Tangier.
Age unknown.



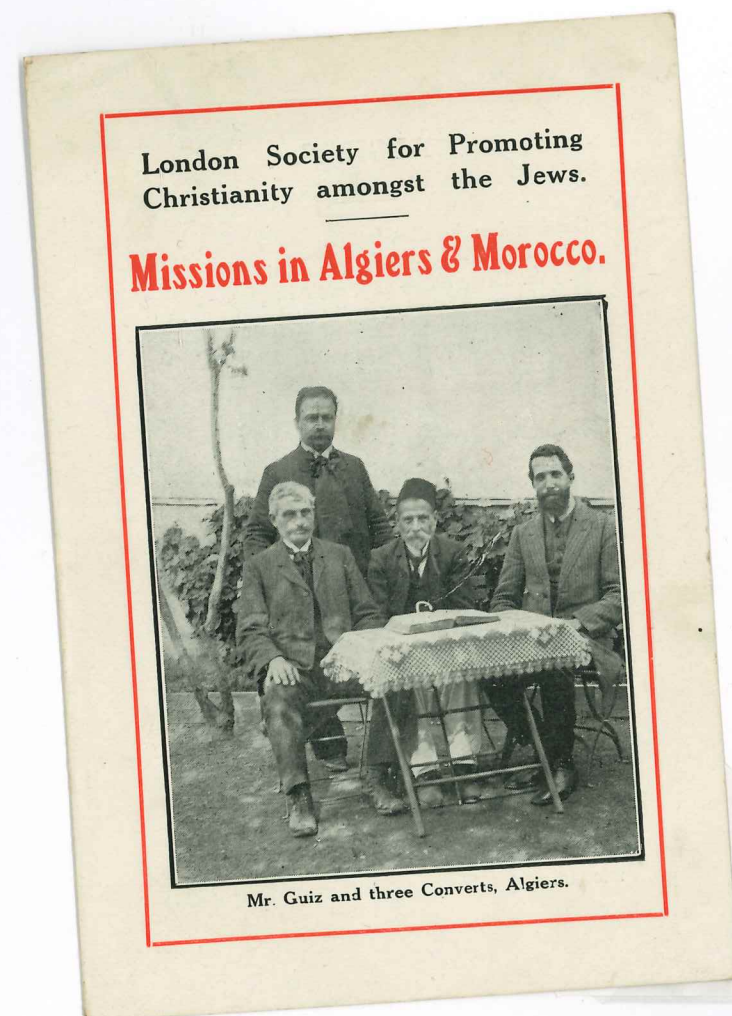


Playing card of unknown origin but 20th Century



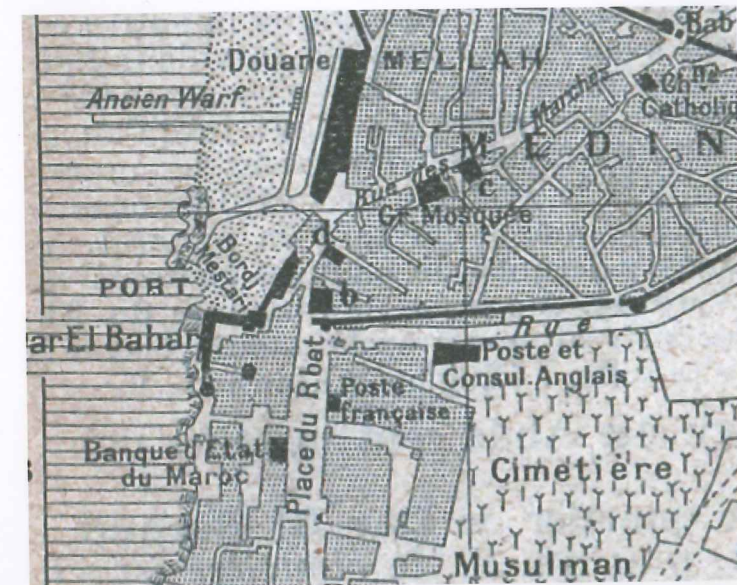
A small descriptive leaflet describing a tour to Tangier.
This is thought to have been produced by the Bland Line of Gibraltar.

The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain

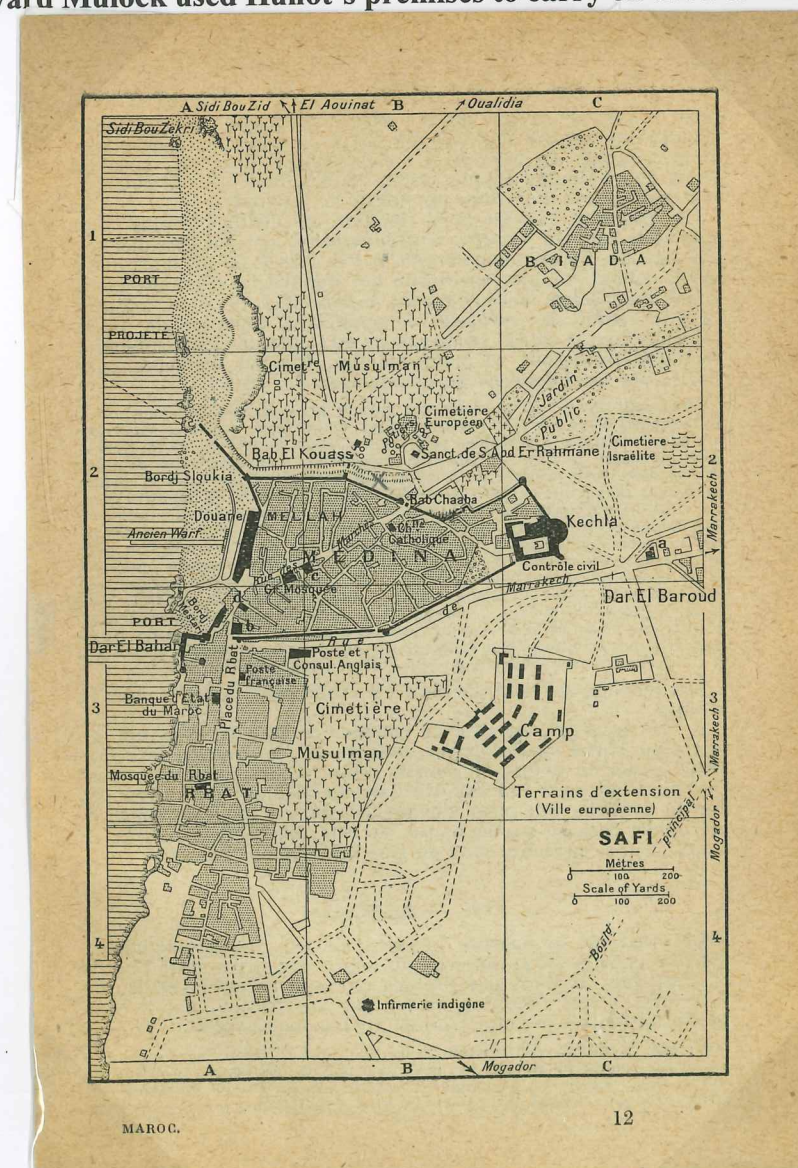


Brochure; post 1912; for the "London Society for promoting Christianity amongst the Jews"
This organisation still exists being founded in 1809 and celebrated its bicentenary in 2009; it is now one of the official missions of the Church of England.

The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain



Map of Saffi taken from a guidebook, published in French, showing the location of the BPO on the "Rue de Marrakesh". The Post Office was in the business premises of the Postmaster George Pierre Hunot and just outside of the walled city.
In 1908-1909 only GBP 52.00 worth of stamps were sold in Saffi. When Hunot retired in 1911 his replacement Edward Mulock used Hunot's premises to carry on the Post Office business.



The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain



Whilst this looks like a "holiday" photograph, the sitters listed on the reverse from left to right are John E Baker, William A Baker (John's father) W Hind-Smith Senior Julie Baker (wife of John) and W Wilson Hind Smith Junior Are in fact all missionaries to Morocco in the spring of 1886 W Hind Smith senior being a council member of the "Mission to the Kabyles and the other Berber races of North Africa"

The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain



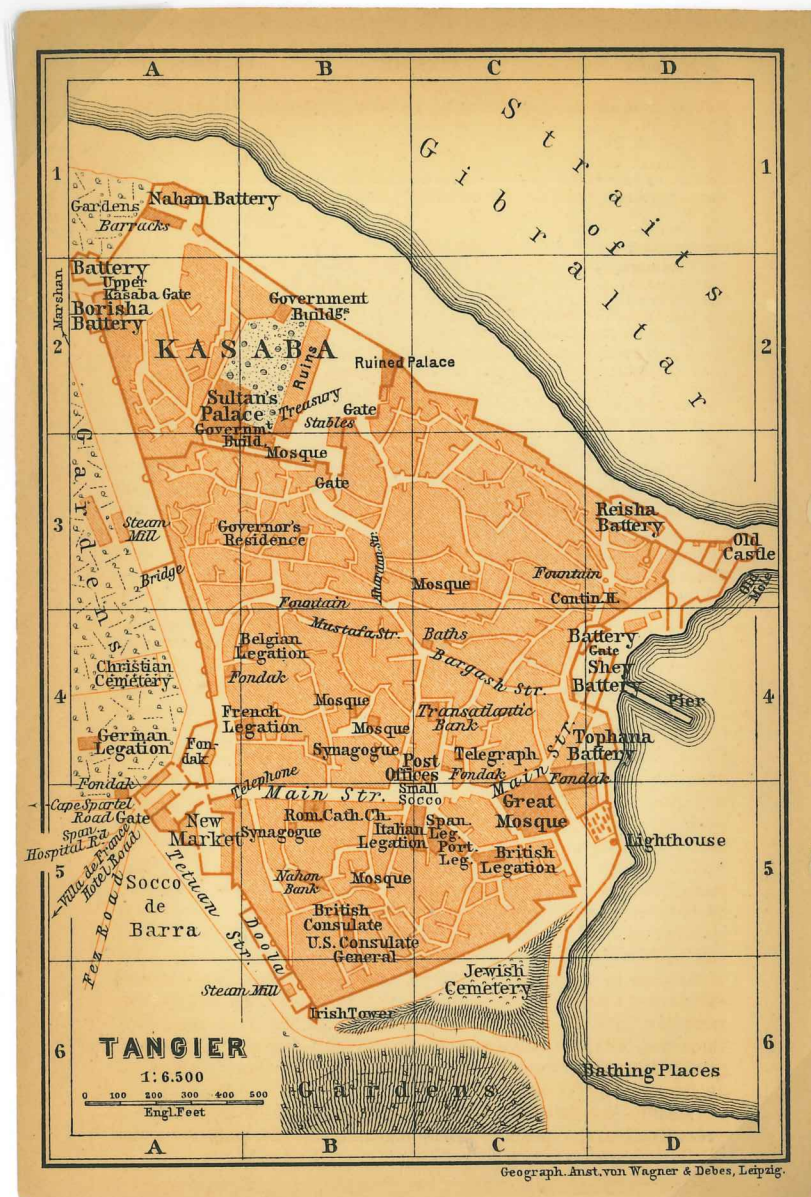
Early 20th century photograph ex "Maison L Karm" showing the Petit Socco Tangier with the Spanish & German Post Offices clearly seen.



Menu Cover for the French Transatlantic Line



The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain



Map of Tangier
From Karl Baedeker
"Spain & Portugal" Handbook for Travellers
Published in Leipsic 1901

The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain



Luggage label for P & O Steamship Navigation Co

DRIMNIN HOUSE.
TANGIER.

Feb 14th 1911.

To Harry Graham Esq.

Dear Sir

Many thanks for your letter. I regret I am unable - at all events at present - to avail myself of your kind offer.

Yours sincerely
Harry Maclean



Letter in the hand of Sir Harry Maclean

H.E. Kaid Maclean K.C.M.G was the commander in Chief of the Moorish Army

The embossed address "Drimnin House Tangier" is a reference to the old "family seat" Drimnin Castle in The Morven peninsula of Argyll Scotland.

Sir Harry's ancestor Charles Maclean sold the family lands following his bankruptcy in 1797/8

The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain



1905/1912 John Player & Sons
Cigarette card from the "Countries Arms & Flags" series.
Card no 33 Morocco.

The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain



Advertising trade card for E,N.Manning & Co of Chicago.

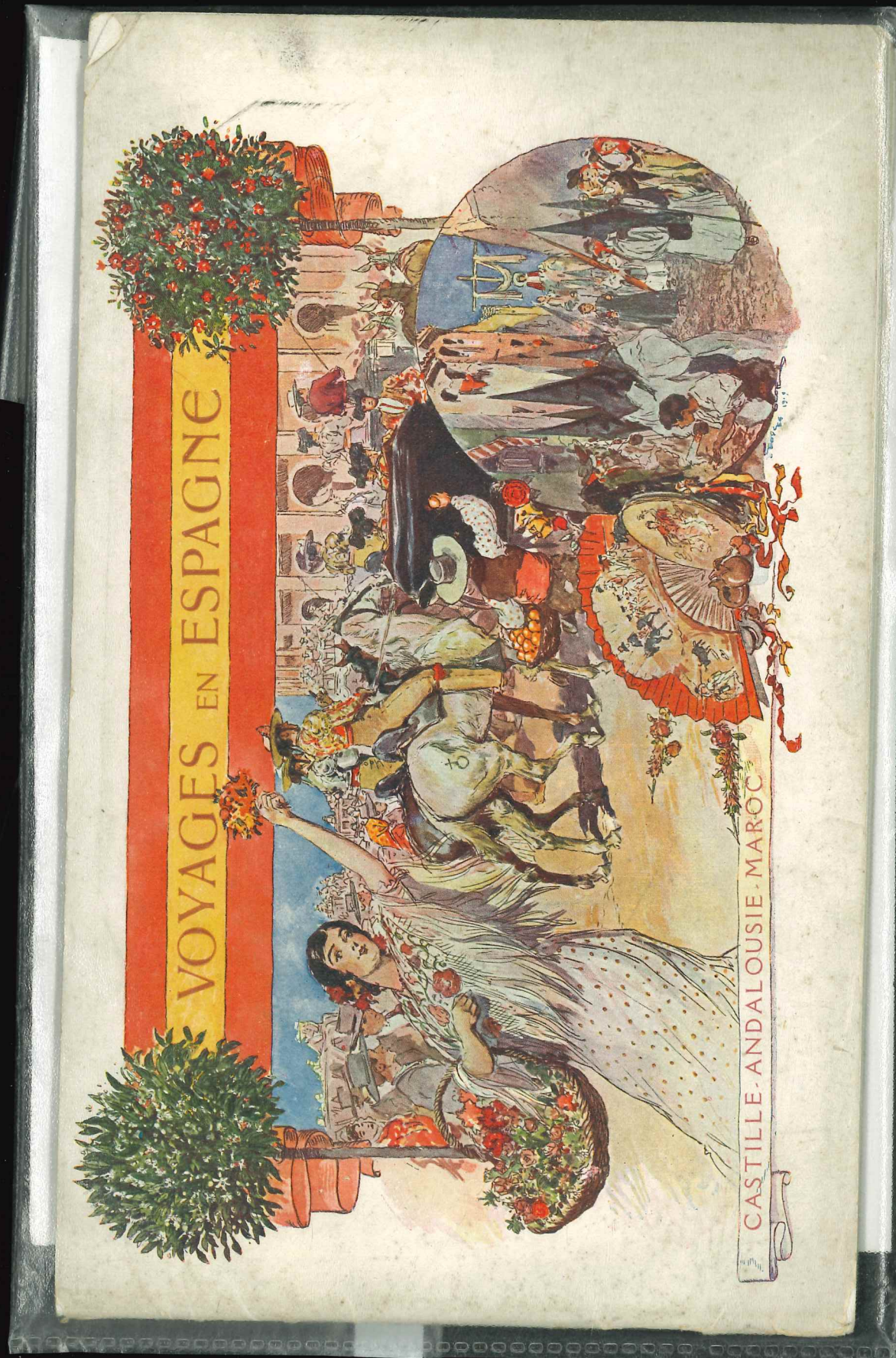
The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain

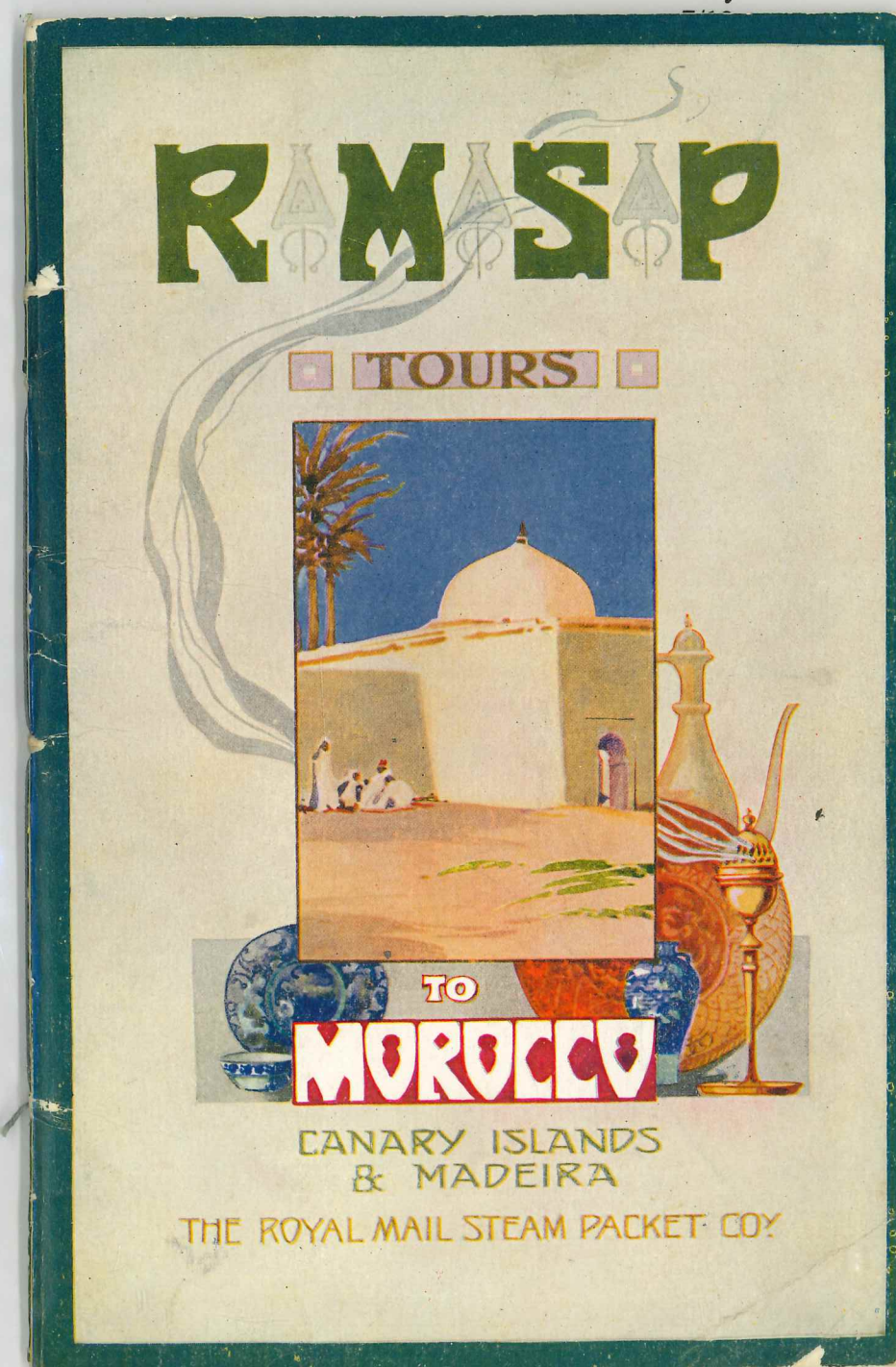
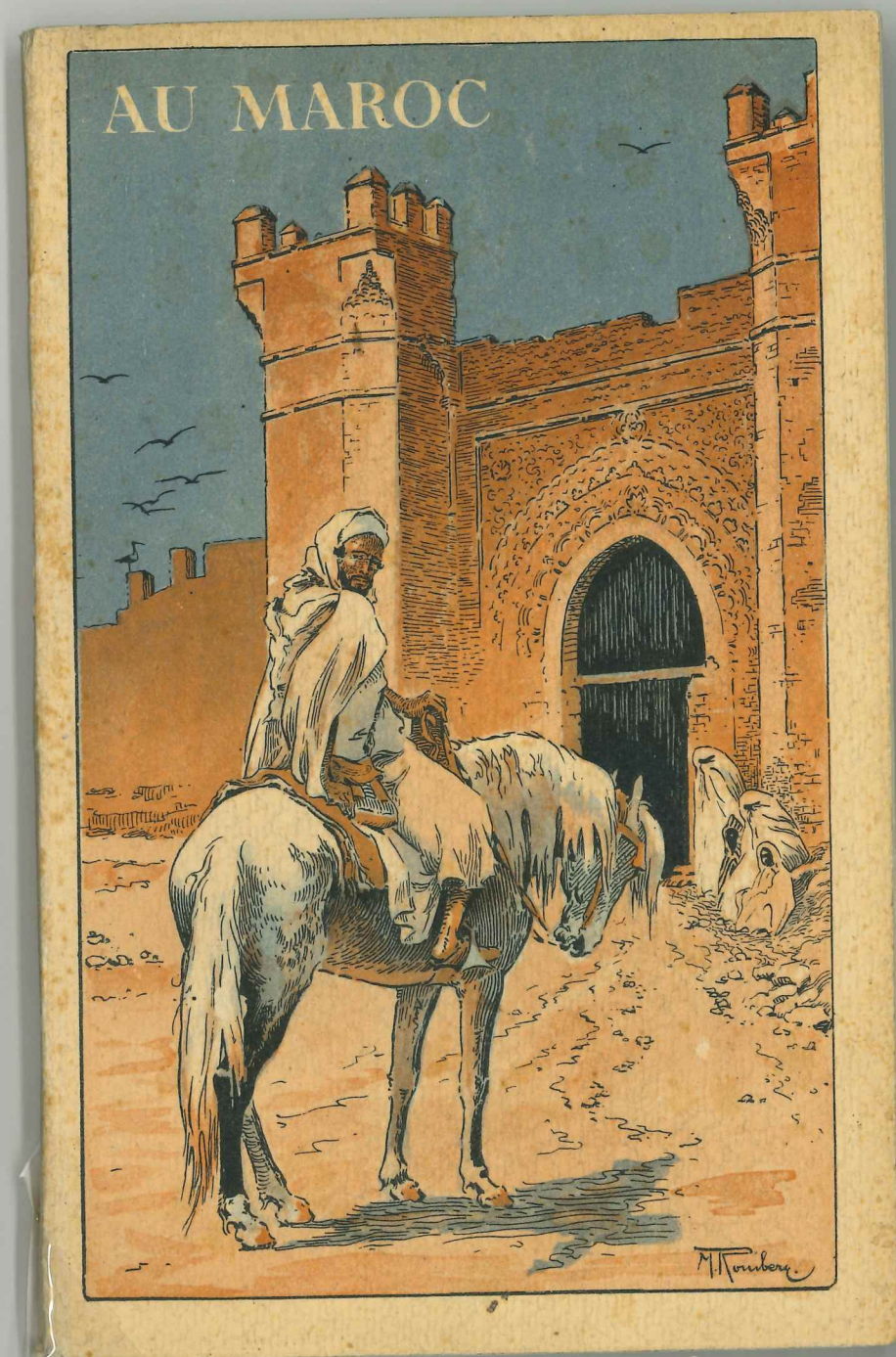


Brochure for the "Bland Line"
Circa 1920

This brochure can be dated from the inclusion of the vessel "Gibel Sarsar" it is known that this vessel was acquired by the Bland Line in 1920 who bought her from "P&O" who had her built in 1898 and used as the "Isis" on its Express Brindisi- Port Said service.

The Gibel Sarsar was withdrawn from service in 1923 and scrapped in 1926.





Steam Packet Company”
ed as the local representative.



100 Peseta Bank Note issued in 1928
And of a type in circulation in Morocco.



50 Peseta Bank Note issued in 1937
And of a type in circulation in Morocco.

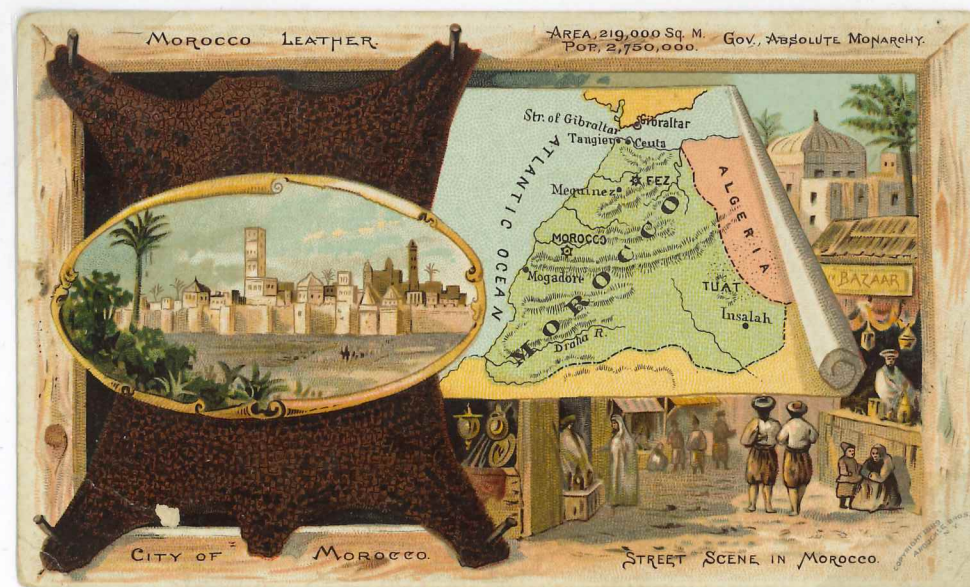


100 Peseta Bank Note issued in 1925
And of a type in circulation in Morocco.



1935 50 Centimos bank Note issued in 1935
And of a type in circulation in Morocco.

The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain



Cinquième année. — N° 91.

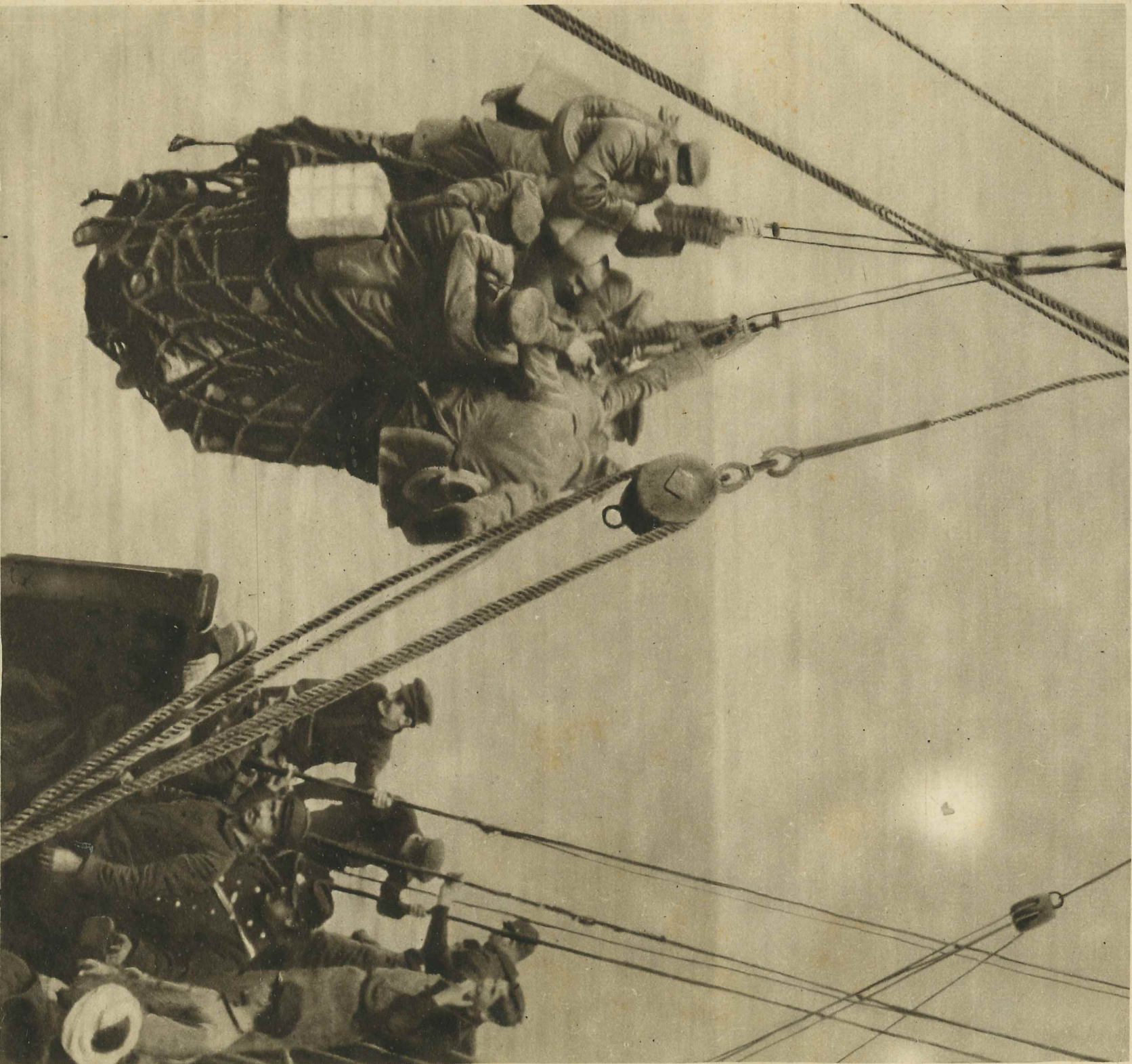
Le Numéro : 25 centimes.

DIMANCHE 22 Août 1915.

LE MIROIR

PUBLICATION HEBDOMADAIRE, 18, Rue d'Engliem, PARIS

LE MIROIR paie n'importe quel prix les documents photographiques relatifs à la guerre, présentant un intérêt particulier.



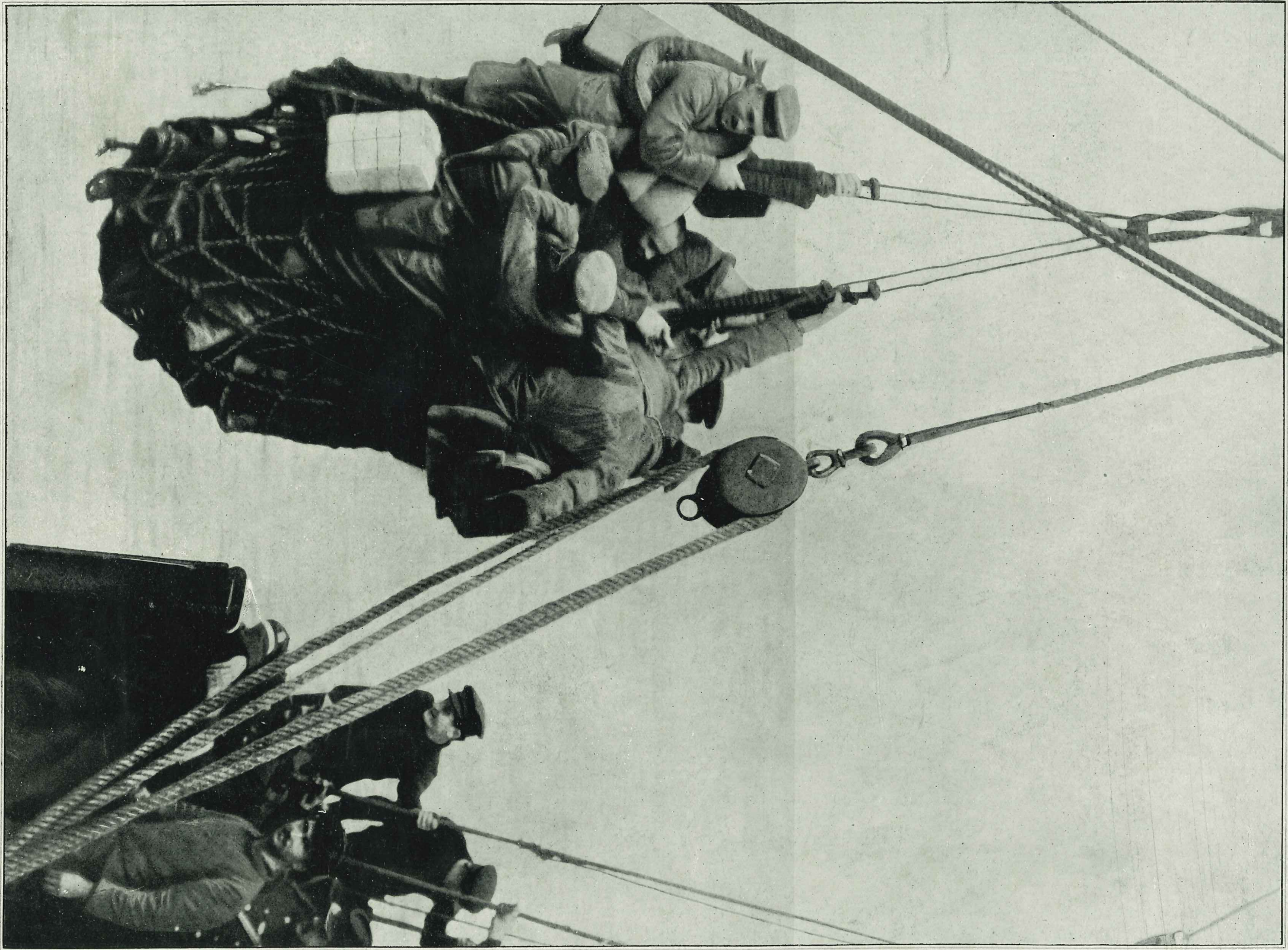
UN DÉBARQUEMENT DE PRISONNIERS ALLEMANDS A CASABLANCA

Venus de France à bord du transport "Martinique", ces prisonniers arrivent au Maroc. Le navire s'arrête en rade et, pour gagner le rivage, ils sont descendus de cette façon dans des "barcasses" qui leur font franchir la barre.

A copy of "Le Miroir" a French weekly photo magazine which chronicled the Great War, published in Paris on 22 August 1915. The photograph of the German Prisoners of War being unloaded in Casablanca was used to produce a postcard and was also used in other publications.

A BAGFUL OF BOCHES FOR MOROCCO

DISSEMBARKING GERMAN PRISONERS AT CASABLANCA



In Morocco, as elsewhere, German captives are treated with humanity and in an honourable manner, but the German authorities—probably to divert attention from their own abominable treatment of prisoners of war—declared that the German prisoners in Africa were being badly treated, and by way of reprisals set French prisoners to the work of draining marshy and unhealthy regions. It was not until the French threatened reprisals on their part that the German authorities climbed down.

A page from "The Graphic" a weekly British illustrated newspaper published between December 1869 and April 1932.
The photograph from "Le Miroir" is clearly reused but with different text and emphasis,



An Albumen photograph of an unknown woman & dog, probably of European extraction from the clothing taken & printed by A Cavilla.
The card to which it affixed was produced for Cavilla by a printing firm in Wein Austria.



THE MOORISH EMBASSY TO KING EDWARD.

THE AMBASSADOR AND HIS SUITE.

Capt. JAMES,
ARMY HEADQUARTERS' STAFF.

Mr. ALLEN MACLEAN,
H.B.M. CONSUL AT DHARABHAID.

H. E. KAID MACLEAN, C.M.G.,
COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, MOORISH ARMY.

Mr. ALFRED IRWIN,
INTERPRETER AND DRAGOMAN.

H. E. SID MEHADI EL MENEHHI,
THE SULTAN'S AMBASSADOR.

SID ABDERRAHMAN BARGASH,
THE AMBASSADOR'S SECRETARY.

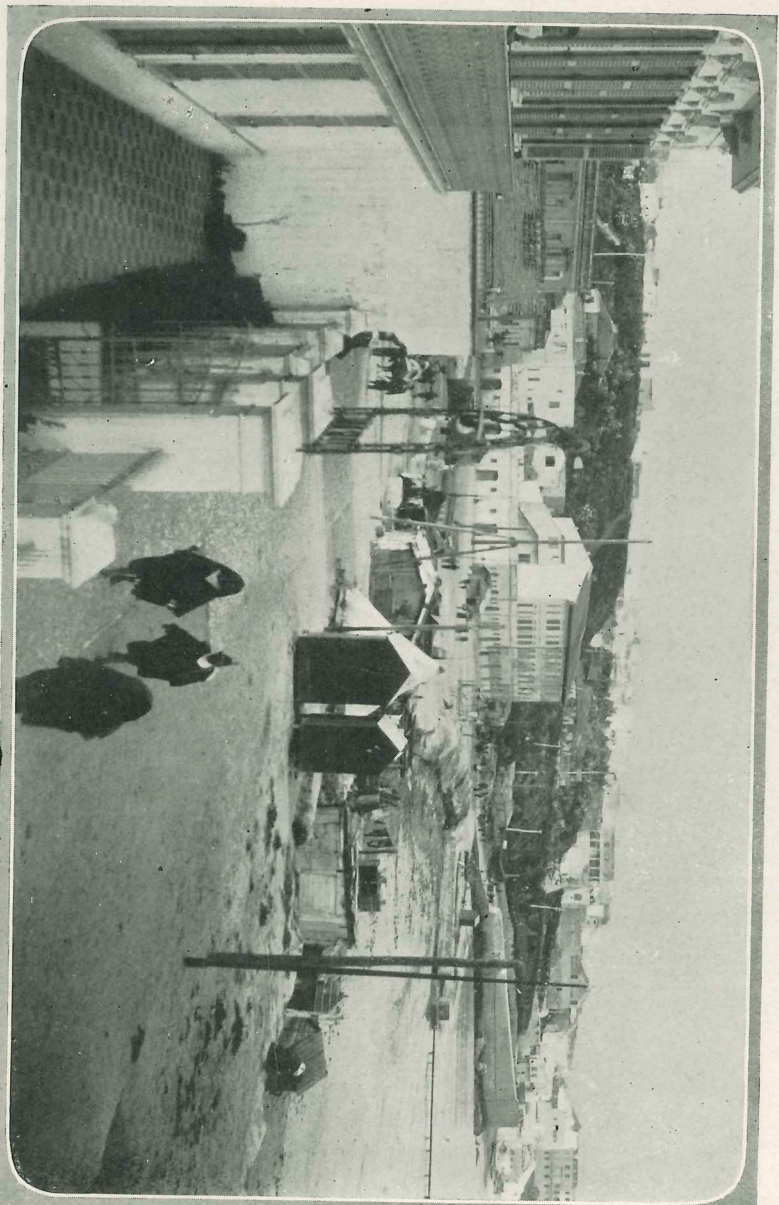
R. F. SYNGE, C.M.G.,
OF THE FOREIGN OFFICE.

646

The Bystander, September 25, 1907

Morocco's Civilised Corner

TWO PEEPS AT TANGIER



Tangier: The Bay (photographed from the Hotel Cecil)



[Photos]

The Principal Street in Tangier

[White, Littlehampton]

Cobbled and steep, it runs from the Bab-es-Mara (Marine Gate) to the Bab-es-Sok (Market Gate). Tangier is, practically, the only "civilised" corner of Morocco, in the sense that it contains hotels, shops, and streets bearing some resemblance to those of European towns. Travellers will note the resemblance of the street above shown to the Grand Rue de Pera in Constantinople. In both cases, the narrow thoroughfare, containing small French-named shops and Italian-looking white houses with balconies, is crowded with people clad in every conceivable kind of costume, suggestive of the extremes of civilisation.

A page from "The Bystander magazine" 25 September 1903.

The "Bystander was published in London from 1903 to 1940 when it merged with "The Tatler".

Anno XXXIV. - N. 6. - 10 Febbraio 1907.

L'ILLUSTRAZIONE ITALIANA

Centesimi 65 il numero (Estero, Cent. 85).

 Per tutti gli articoli e i disegni, è riservata la proprietà artistica e letteraria, secondo le leggi e i trattati internazionali. 



Sidi Mohammed-El-Guebbs rientra a Tangeri con la *mekalla* sceriffiana.

GLI AVVENIMENTI DEL MAROCCO (cot. Ch. Trampus).



LE PILLAGE DE MEQUINEZ

A copy of Le Petit Parisien of 14 June 1908
With an illustration depicting the pillage of Mequinez in March 1903 where Zemmur Mella tribes attacked and pillaged Mequinez
Resulting in 87 inhabitants being killed along with 18 of the attacking tribesmen.

The British Post Office in Morocco The Overprinted Edward VII Stamps of Great Britain

Tangier, Morocco.

TRAVELER who lands at Gibraltar for a brief visit to Spain, should omit to make a short trip across the Straits of Gibraltar to Tangier in Morocco. Nowhere else can the American traveler find Oriental life and customs so near the shores of Europe and yet apparently so far removed in time and space from western civilization as the far East at the time of Mohammed. No railroads and no telegraphs disturb the tranquil life of the Moor, and not a carriage is to be seen in the crooked and narrow streets of Tangier. Regular steamers of various degrees of comfort and speed run diagonally across from Gibraltar to Tangier in about three hours nearly every day, but the traveler should endeavor to take the mail steamer of the Spanish Compañia Transatlantica, the Joaquin Pifago, running from Gibraltar to Cadix on the Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from Cadix, via Tangier, the next day, and traveler an opportunity to return to Gibraltar the following day unless he should desire to prolong his stay in Tangier. Messrs. John Onetti & Sons, the North German Lloyd agents, are also the agents of the Compañia Transatlantica, and the Joaquin Pifago is the fastest and most comfortable steamer making early hour 7 a.m. mail service a few days only that the Waterbury Spanish line the Spanish white house.



of the wide semi-circular bay, with the "Kasbah" or fortress surrounding the Sultan's palace on the farthest western or northern extremity.

The landing facilities are extremely primitive. Immediately on anchoring about half a mile from the shore the steamer is surrounded by a swarm of Moorish boatmen in variegated costumes, who endeavor to possess themselves of the passengers' persons and their baggage with much wordy strife and a wealth of obsequious and gesticulations that needlessly alarm the nervous passenger and annoy those who are prepared for the scene. A wooden mole serves as a landing stage, alongside which boats go at any tide.

There is some talk of improvement in the landing arrangements, for which improvement there is plenty of room. On landing, the street from the shore leads the way to the city.



A FEW FACTS AND HINTS FOR THE PASSENGERS OF THE
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP CO.

Brochure produced by "Gustav H Schwab" of New York
"Schwab's" were "up-market" travel agents and the sole US agent for the North German Lloyd Steamship Company. (NDL)
NDL was founded in 1857 and by 1907 had regular transatlantic sailings from Bremerhaven to both North & South America.

Its regular Mediterranean route was Marseilles to Alexandria.

From this brochure produced for the North American market, and in this case, distributed by "Akers & Folkman", Ocean Steamship Agents, of Cleveland Ohio they were obviously providing leisure cruises in Spanish and Moroccan waters



Hotel Continental, Tangier

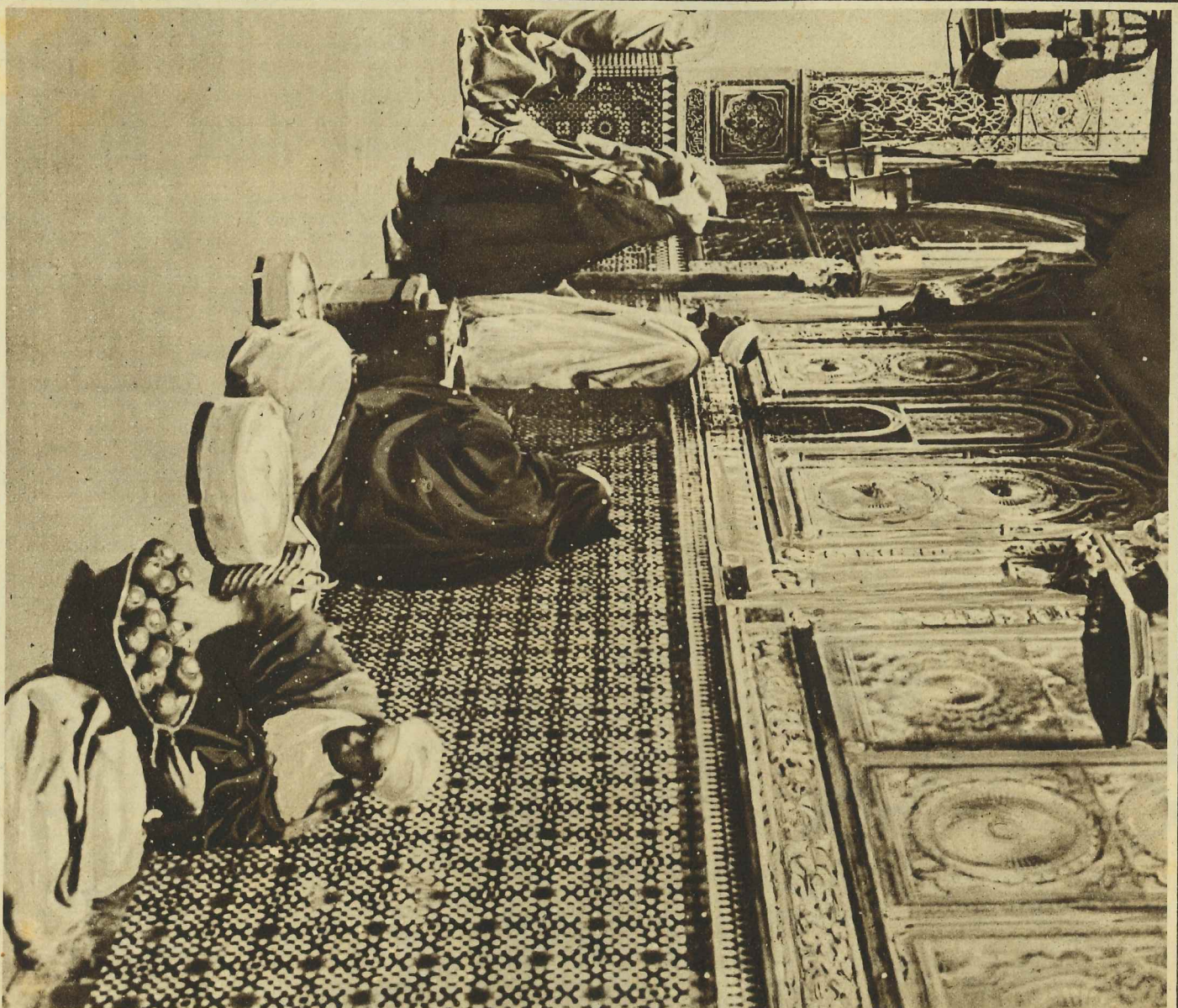
A Photocatalogue
by
Theodor Boder



The photograph, thought to be early 20th Century show the Cecil with a large terrace upon which are visible signs for “Depot Vin D’Algere” and “Depot de vins Itale”.

The postcard, thought to be earlier does not have the terrace but has the two large Hotel Cecil signs in the same places.

LE CAPITALI DEL MONDO MAROCCO: FEZ



FEZ - MOSCHEA DI MULAY-IDRISS (IL MURO DELLE OFFERTE)

"GLORIOSA" CASA EDITRICE ITALIANA. MILANO

FASCICOLO XXIII.

LIRE UNA

The Capital of the World Morocco Fez"

La Lectura Dominical

REVISTA SEMANAL ILUSTRADA

Órgano del Apostolado de la Prensa.

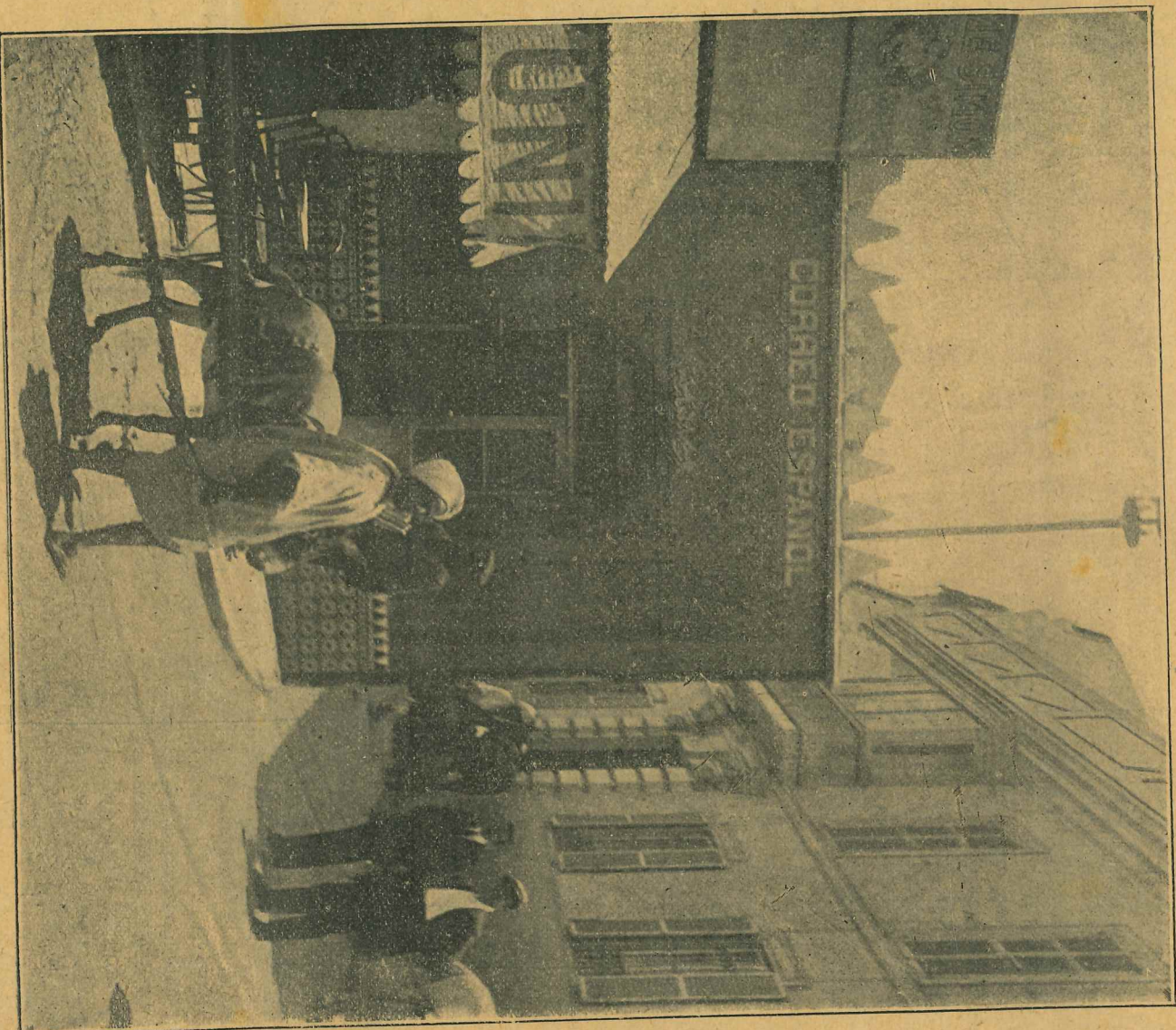
Año XVIII. Número 924.
Madrid 16 de Septiembre de 1911.

ADMINISTRACIÓN
Calle de San Bernardo, núm. 7.

Precios de suscripción.
España: un año, pes. 6,00 || Un semestre, pes. 3,50
Por correspondencia: un año, pes. 6,00 || Extranjero: un año, pes. 10
Número suelto, 10 céntimos.

CON LAS LICENCIAS NECESARIAS
No se devuelven los originales.

LOS INTERESES DE ESPAÑA EN MARRUECOS



TÁNGER. — Correo español y Legación de España.

Crónica semanal.

Las negociaciones franco-alemanas continúan envueltas en el mismo misterio que antes; unos días reflejan las noticias impresión optimista, y otros pesimista. Lo más curioso para el espectador es que persiste la actitud firme de Francia, revelándose por un lenguaje animoso de

sus periódicos á que no nos tenían acostumbrados en los últimos cuarenta años (desde la paliza de 1870-71); ó aquella impresión deprimente se ha desvanecido ya, ó flan mucho los franceses en el apoyo de Ir glatterra, y quizá en el de Rusia. Lo cierto es que nuestros vecinos, sin llegar á la bravuconería que los caracteriza cuando se creen superiores de todo punto á sus enemigos, parecen no temer

en estos momentos la eventualidad de una nueva guerra con Alemania. Y en cambio es no menos cierto que en Alemania se ha producido un movimiento de pánico en las esferas industriales y mercantiles ante la probabilidad ó mera posibilidad de una guerra con Francia. Hechos son éstos de que el cronista imparcial no debe prescindir, sino apuntarlos, aunque sin darles otro alcance que

A copy of "La Lectura Dominical" a Sunday Spanish "newspaper" published in Madrid on 16 September 1911

The heading refers to "The Interests of Spain in Morocco" and shows the Spanish Post Office in the Petit Socco in Tangier with to the right on a road from there the Spanish Legation.

The text refers on the ongoing negotiations between the Germans and the French which continue to be "wrapped in the same mystery" but with the French adopting a steadfast attitude not seen in the past 40 years.

LA TRIBUNA

ABBONAMENTI

Nel Regno, anno L. 5 — All'Estero Fr. 7.50
Il numero Cent. 10 — Arretrato Cent. 20

Si pubblica una volta la settimana — Direzione e Amministrazione, Via Milano, 37.
Non si restituiscono i manoscritti

illustrata

Le inserzioni a pagamento

si ricevono esclusivamente dalla Ditta Haasenstein e Vogler: Roma, Piazza S. Silvestro, 74, Bologna, Firenze, Genova, Milano, Napoli, Palermo, Torino, Venezia. - Prezzo per ogni linea corpo 6, in 3ª pagina (3 colonne) L. 3.- nelle altre pagine d'annunzi. (7 colonne) L. 1,50

N. 32 - Anno XV

Roma - Domenica 11 agosto 1907

Anno XV - N. 32



Gli avvenimenti del Marocco - La strage di europei a Casablanca



Habitants de la ville d'Alcazar voy. p. 193. — Dessin de E. Bayard, d'après une photographie.

Inhabitants of the Town of Alcazar
From the Weekly French magazine devoted to Travel & Exploration
"Le Tour du Monde" published between 1857 & 1914



A CASABLANCA. — APRÈS LE BOMBARDEMENT

Les patrouilles parcourent la ville



J. K. Blanco
TANGER