# PALESTINE MANDATE GOVERNMENT MAIL

The military occupation of Palestine lasted from January 9, 1917 to July 1, 1920 when the British Civil Administration assumed control. The period from December 17, 1917 to February 20, 1918 is known philatelically as the First Interim Period. The Mandate ended in 1948 with the establishment of the State of Israel.

The postal administration was responsible for telegraph, telephone and radio services in addition to the mail service.

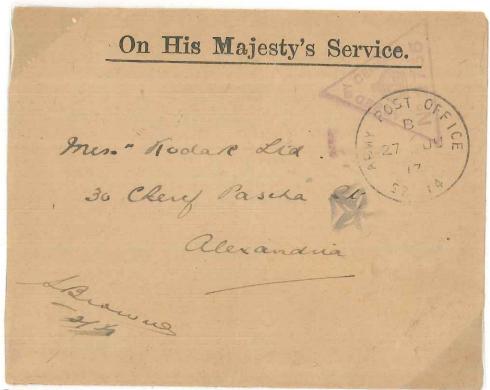
All Government Offices and Agency mail was judged to be official, free from basic postal charges within the country; each department used an appropriate rubber stamp identifying the department. All overseas mail and internal express mail were subject to the rates in effect at the time. Wartime shortages caused many covers to be reused (known as austerity usage). Some mailings were made by simply folding the message.

In this exhibit there are five key areas:

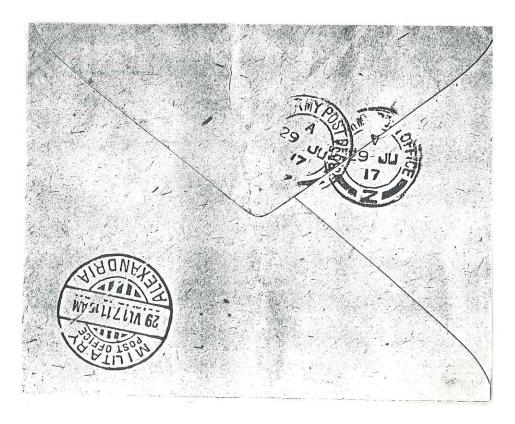
- 1. Military Administration Mail
- 2. Mandate Inland Mail
- 3. Mandate Registered and Express Mail
- 4. Mandate Foreign Mail
- 5. Late Use of Mandate Official Forms by the Israeli Government Of special interest are those covers showing:
  - 1. Scarce rates for external mail
  - 2. Provisional registered entires
  - 3. Mail of important personalities
  - 4. Mail to unusual destinations
  - 5. Late recorded usage in Israel

## Bibliography

- The Postmarks of Mandate Jerusalem E. Glassman and
   M. Sacher, published by Ze'ev Galibov (referred to as G&S).
- Government, "Certified Official" and Post Office Cachets of the British Mandate in Palestine - M. Sacher, published by BAPIP.
- 3. Palestine Mandate Postmarks David Dorfman, published by Tower of David, Inc.
- 4. Mandate Internal and Surface Rates Made Simple Arthur Groten, M.D., Article in the Israel Philatelist, October 1988.
- 5. The Stamps of Palestine Mandate 1988 Michael Bale, published by Negev Holyland Stamps, Ltd.



Censored cover from APO SZ14 near Beersheba, 27 July 1917, to Alexandria, Egypt. Two Base Army "Z" arrival postmarks on reverse dated 29 July 1917 (one cancel has inverted "A"). Also bears postmark of the Military Post Office in Alexandria.





## ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE.

Mons. Joseph Grecht Twikheimerstr. 17 Basel Gwitzerlan

POST OFFICE.

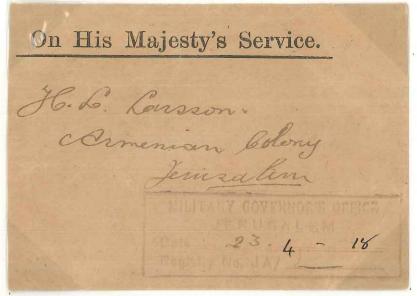
General Staff Headquarters EEF (GM-1), 1 March 1918, arrived Basel, Switzerland, 30 April 1918. Handstamped "Director of the Army Postal Service EEF". Delivered without postage even though rates of one piastre for foreign mail and one piastre for registered mail had been in effect since 10 February 1918.



Field Post Office H-21 (Jerusalem) with triangular censor cachet 3346 used by the first censor 10 December 1917 to London, England.



Registered cover 16 May 1918 SZ 45 to EEF General Staff Officer XXI Corps with mixed franking Palestine #3 and #4, censored. Backstamped FPO #21, 17 May 1918.



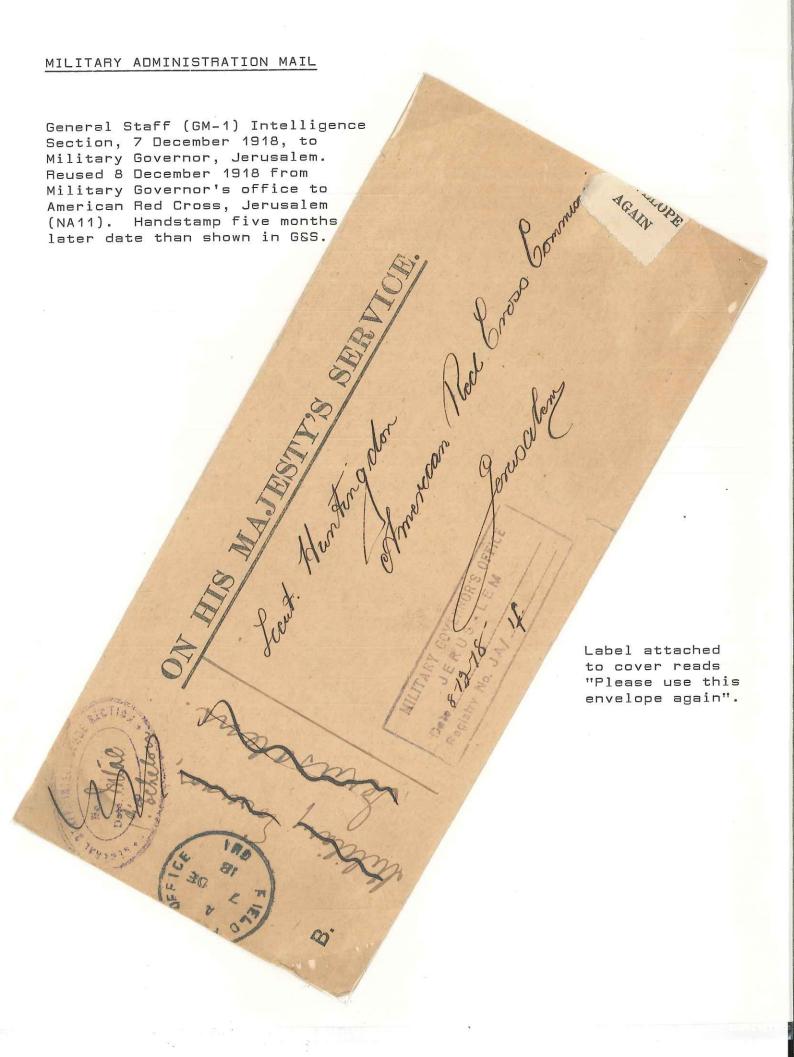
Local mail handstamped "Military Governor's Office, Jerusalem" 23 April 1918. G&S #NA11, earlier date than listed.



SZ16 (Haifa) to Tel Aviv, Jaffa. Handstamped "Chief Political Officer GHQ EEF". Handstamp unlisted. 25 March 1919, late usage of postmark.

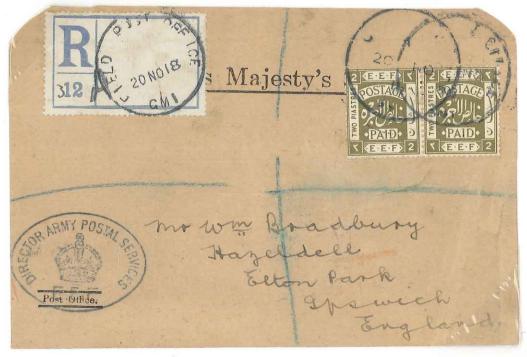




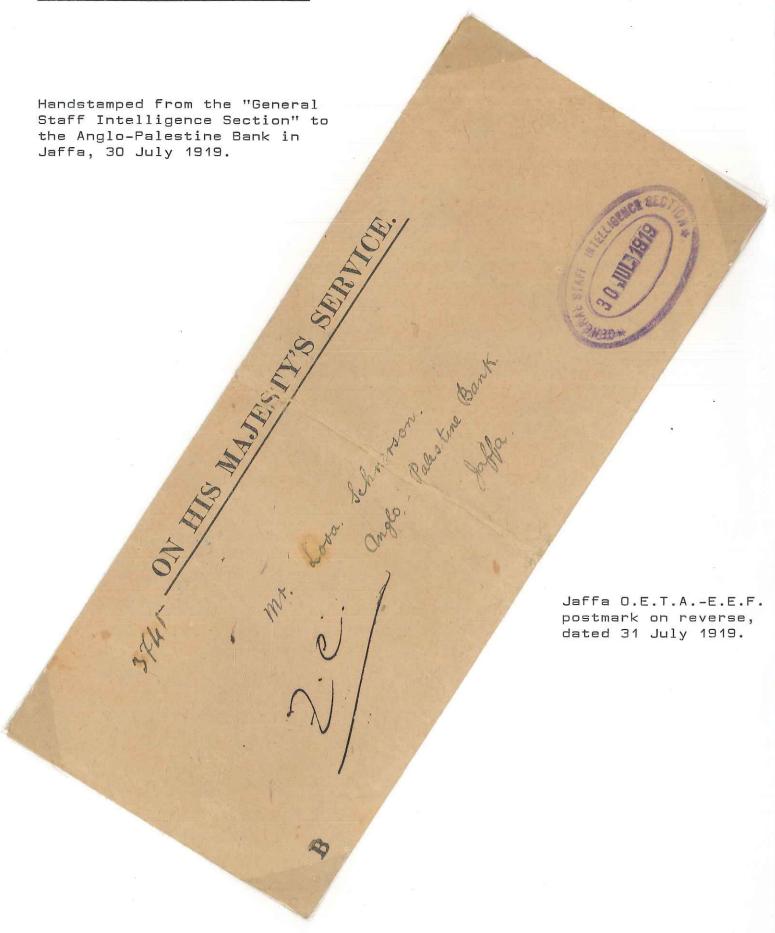


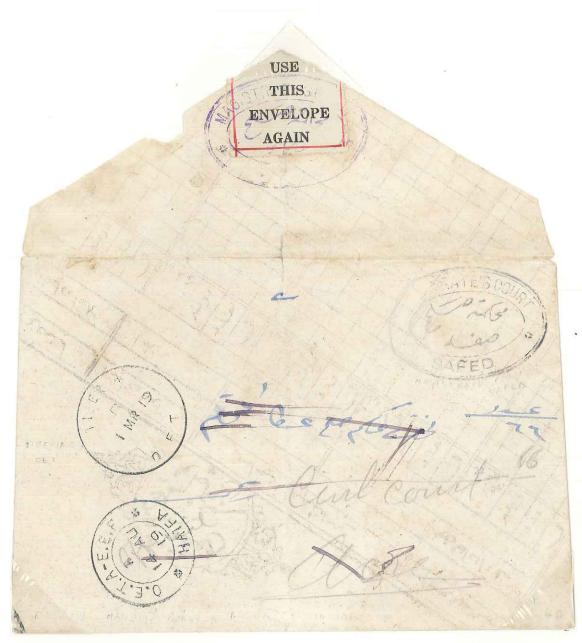


Registered, from General Staff Headquarters (GM-1) to London, England 13 November 1918. Arrived London 12 December 1918. Franked with two 1 Piastre (Palestine #3) proper rate for registered mail to Great Britain.



Registered from General Staff Headquarters (GM-1) to Ipswich, England 20 November 1918. The blue crayon marking, continued on the reverse, indicates the cover was attached to a larger item, probably triple weight. Therefore, 3 Piastre plus 1 Piastre registration fee. Franked with two 2 Piastre typos (Palestine #11).





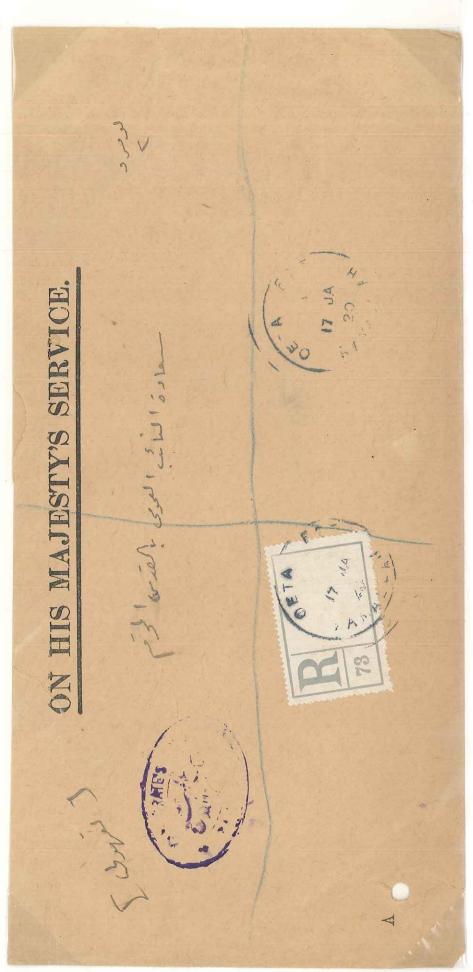
Cover formed from a Turkish document from Magistrate's Court, Safad, to the Civil Court, Acre. Evidently reused since cover bears Tiberias OET postmark dated 1 March 1919 and OETA Haifa postmark dated 14 August 1919.

Early Mandate cover dated 17 September 1922, addressed to Miss Nina Berligne in Tel Aviv, from the Department of Immigration and Travel.



Nina Berligne was a volunteer nurse in the British Army during World War I. She was romantically involved with Vladimir Jabotinsky. Her father objected to this and sent her to Switzerland to study medicine. She later returned to Tel Aviv as a dermatologist. Since she spoke five languages, she served in the Chief Censors office in Palestine, during World War II.

Ramallah 17 January 1920,
Registered. Postmark
rated V.R. in Dorfman,
later date than listed.
"Magistrates Court" handstamp unlisted in Sacher.
Arrival postmark Jerusalem
19 January 1920 on reverse.

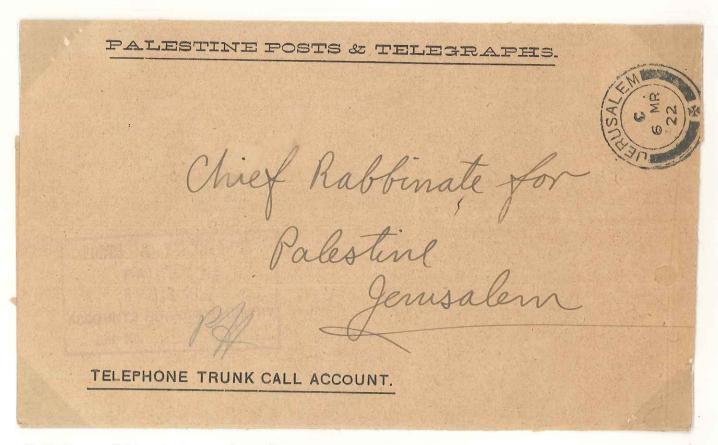


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Chief Rabbinste of Christamp
Posts & The East Physical
PALESTINE

POST OFFICE

POST OFFICE

Very early P.T.form (hand numbered receipt)
19 April 1921, folded and mailed without cover.
Posts and Telegraph handstamp in blue; infrequently seen since most examples are black.



P.T.form #64 with style of type seldom seen on official forms. Handstamp of Posts and Telegraphs, Accounts Branch Registry. Mailing consisted of a folded invoice for monthly telephone charges, to Chief Rabbinate for Palestine, Jerusalem, 6 March 1922.



Telephone invoice mailed without cover. Handstamp from Accounting office dated 7 November 1921, six years earlier than listed in G&S.



Early O.H.M.S. preprinted Post Card to Jaffa. Earliest recorded date of "Public Security" handstamp 9 October 1922.



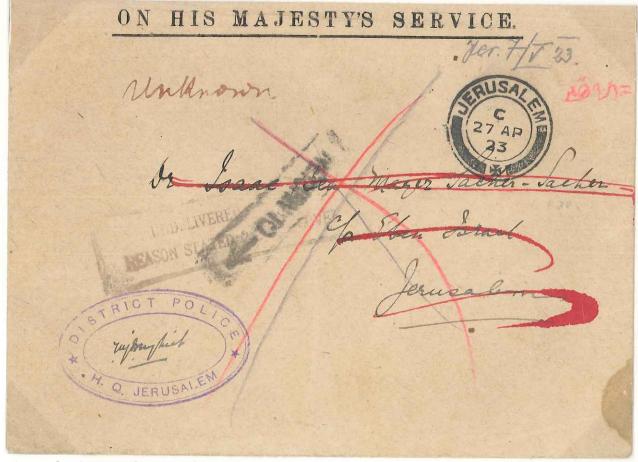
P.T. Form 366 printed Palestine Posts, Telegraphs & Telephones, 19 August 1926. "Postmaster" handstamp usage known from 1924 to 1928.



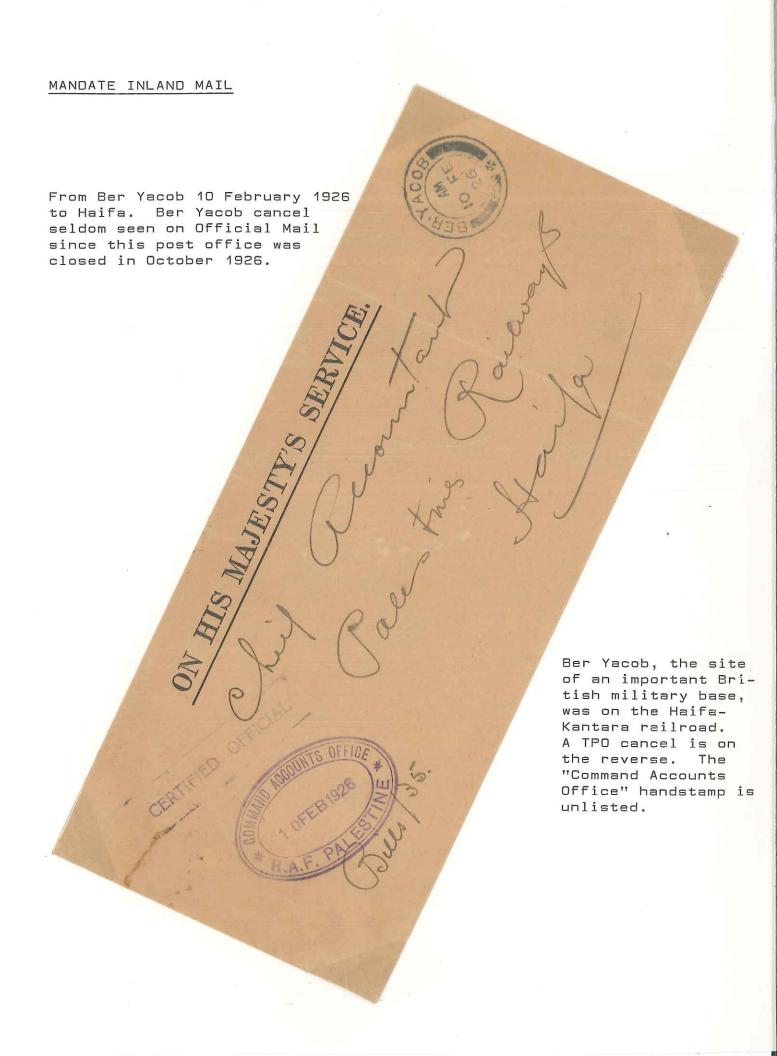
Cover mailed 13 April 1928. Opened in error. Reused 15 April 1928 with "Jerusalem-Palestine" machine cancel in use only from January to August 1928.

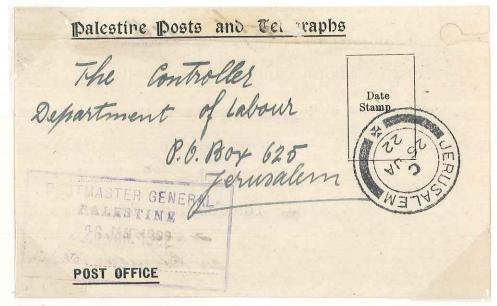


Cover to Jaffa using Haifa-Kantara TPO cancel 1 December 1926. TPO cancels seldom seen on Official Mail.

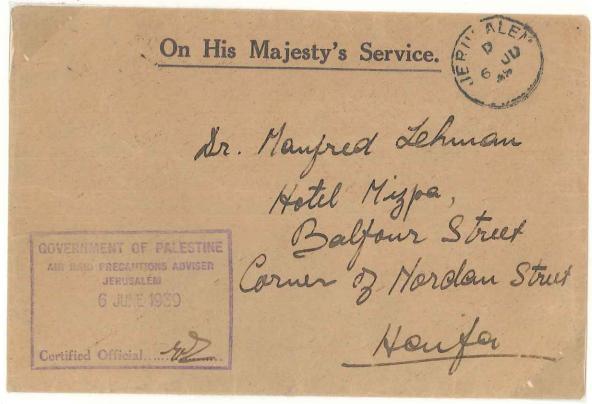


Local Jerusalem mail 27 April 1923, returned undelivered – addressee unknown. "District Police" handstamp unlisted in G&S.

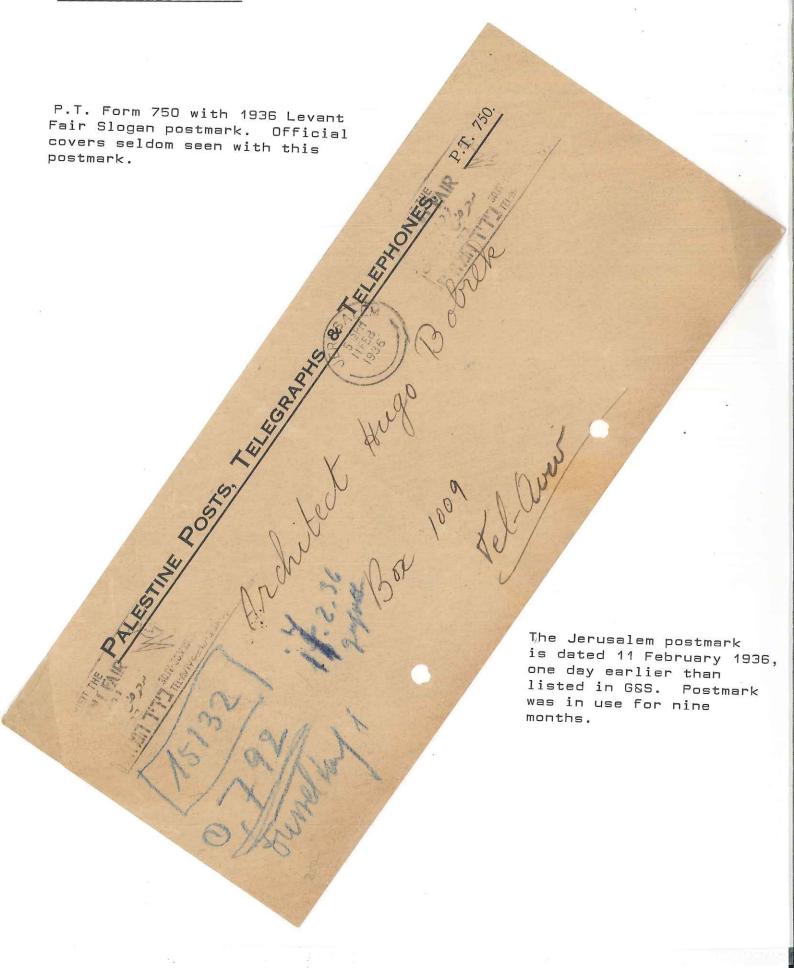


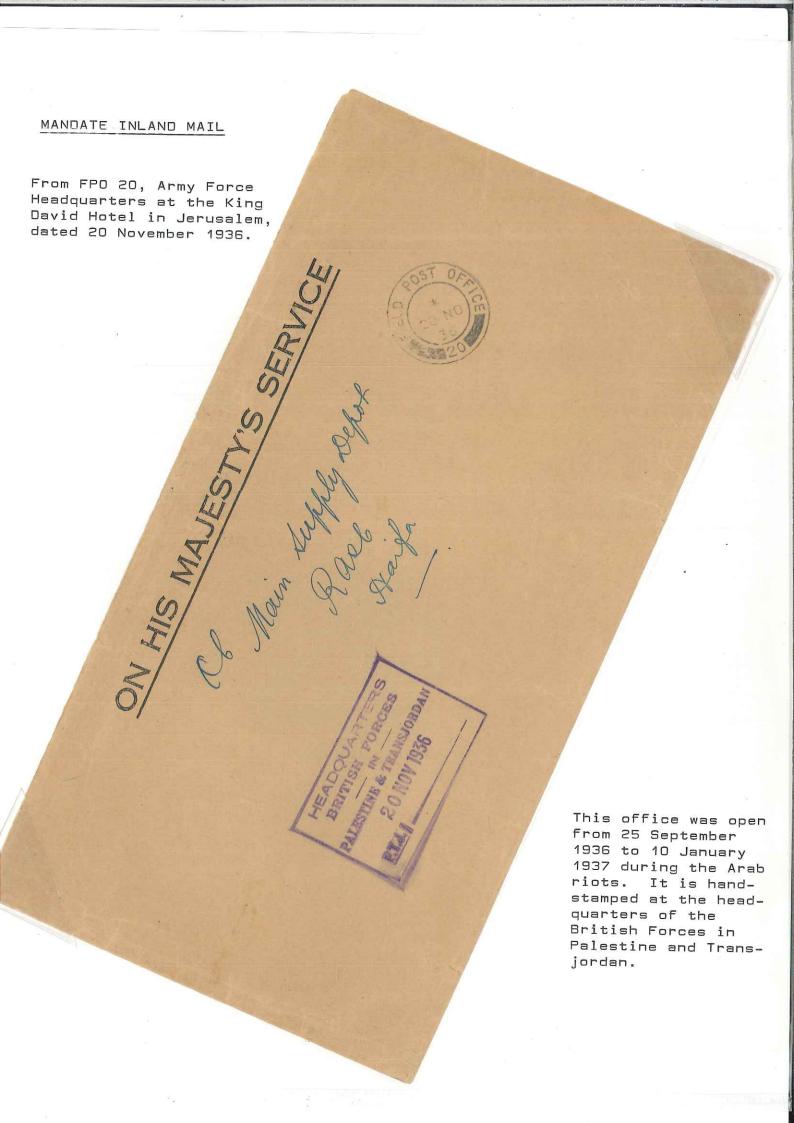


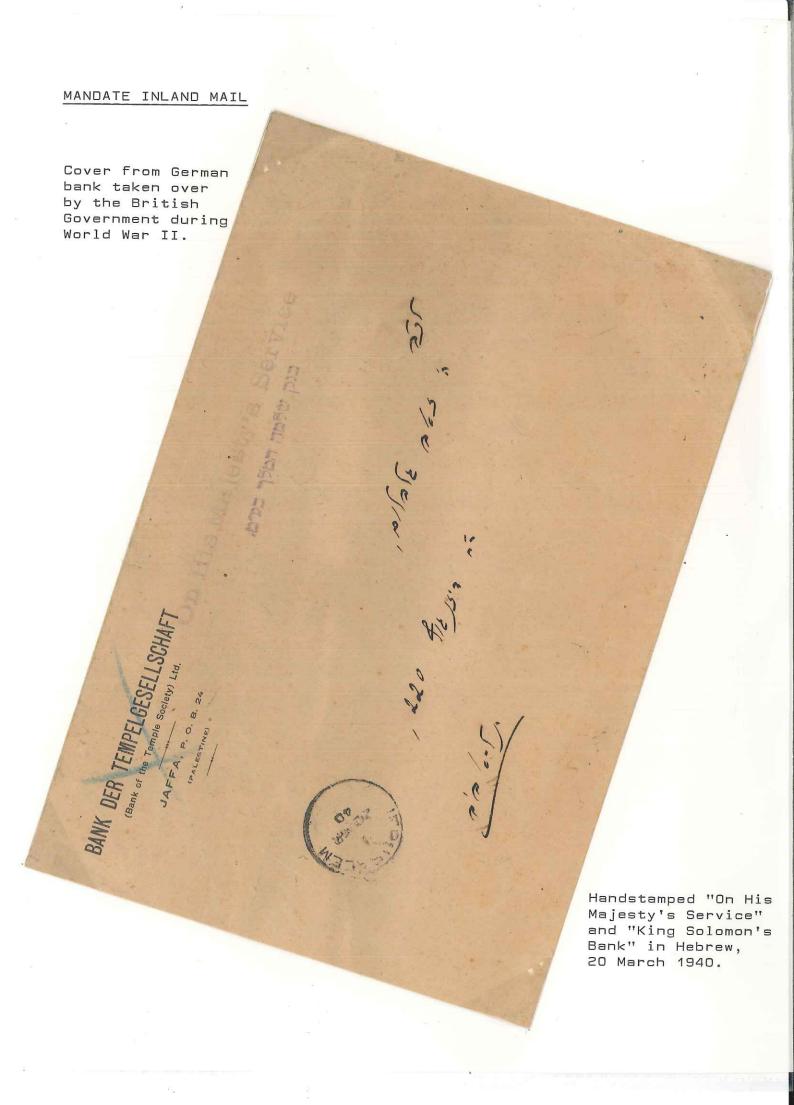
Early unnumbered PT form mailed without an envelope, from the Postmaster General to the Controller of the Department of Labor Jerusalem, 26 January 1922.

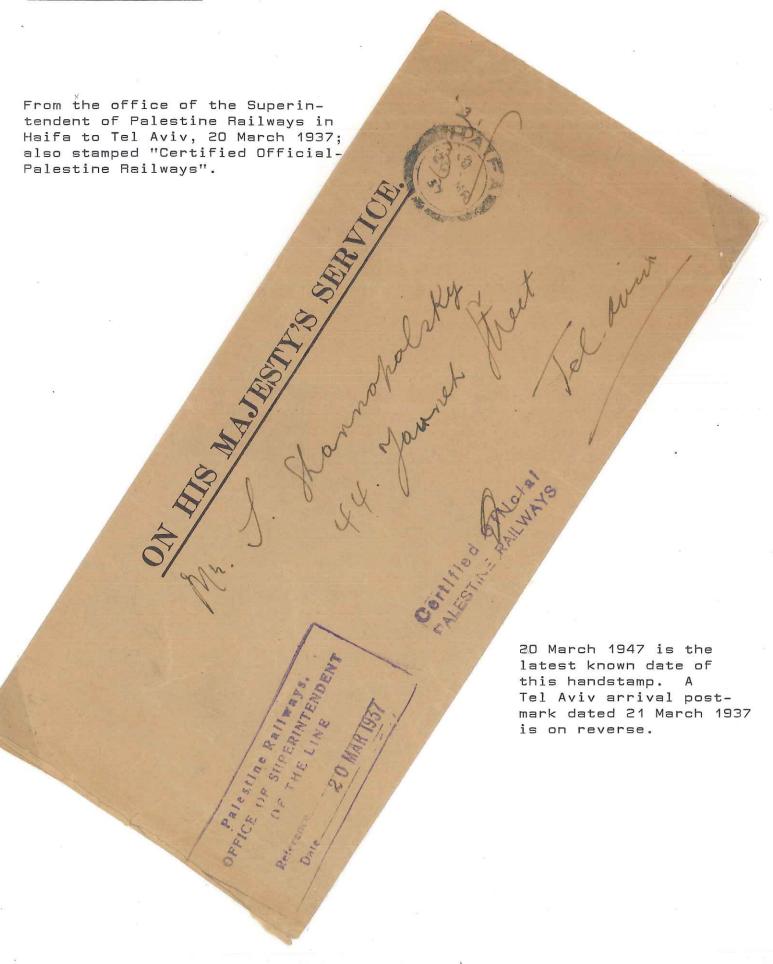


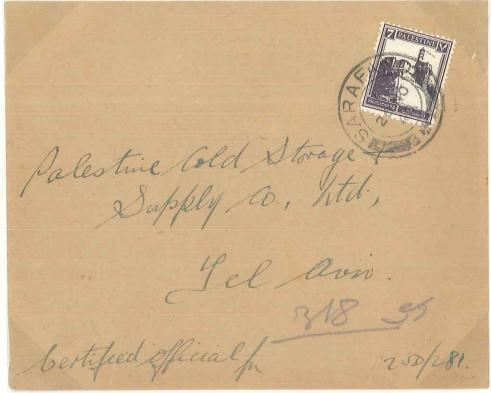
From Jerusalem to Haifa, 6 June 1939. The Air Raid Precautions Adviser handstamp is unlisted. Unusual in that World War II was not declared until September 1939.



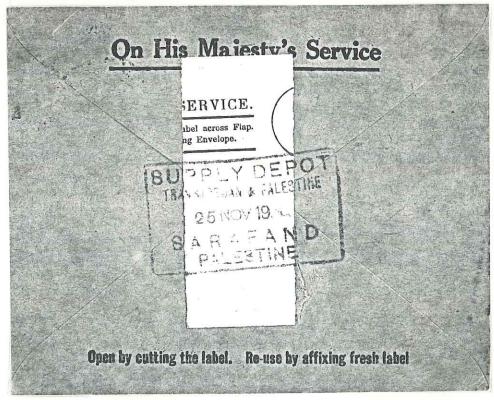








Official cover from Sarafand Supply Depot 26 November 1940. Franked 7 mil, local rate in effect at time, even though franking was not necessary.



Sarafand was the principal military base for Transjordan and Palestine.

מנהל בית הדפוס הממשלתי אינו מקבל אחריות. לאי־מסירתם של דברי דפוס לאחר שנשלחו מבית הדפוסי. "The Government Printer accepts no responsibility for the non-delivery of publica-مسؤولية عن عدم توزيع المطبوعات بعد ارسالها » Official wrapp of the Palesti TEL AVIV のうろくな い tions once they have been despatched". Gazette, the ficial newspap of the British ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE. 28, Achad Haam Str., Dr. S.F. Grunzweig, c/o Dr. Zakhein, Government 10 February 19 Dated four year earlier than listed in G&S. SH GPP, 328-50,000 .8\rs-rs.r.a ייון יי שמי של מנשלת פלשתינה (אייי) THE PALESTINE GAZET الجريدة الرسمية ليكومة فلسطين GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE. (Registered as a Newspaper) (נרשם בתור צתון)

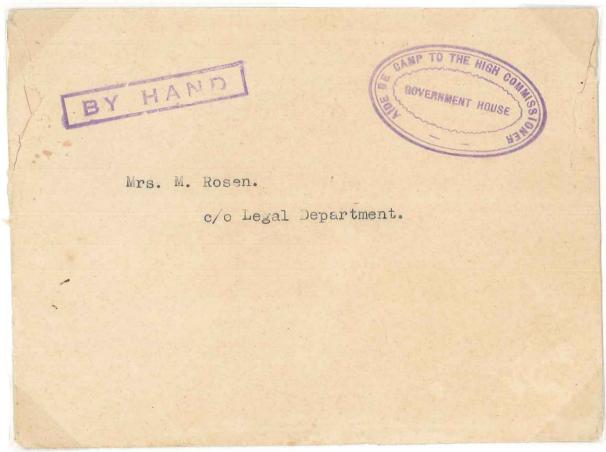


Example of extreme multiple usage. Cover used several times over a two year period with cancels from 19 March 1941 to 25 March 1943. Handstamped March 1941 "Deputy Inspector of Police, Haifa Division". Licensing Authority postmark unusual on mail.

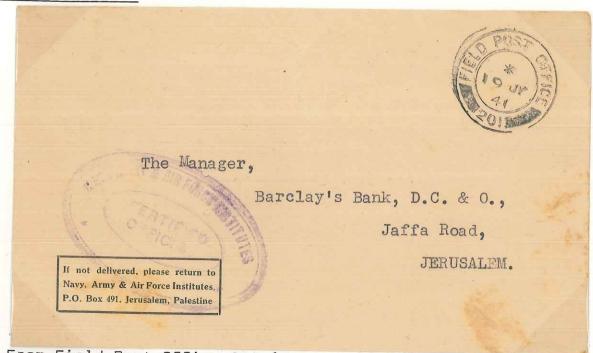




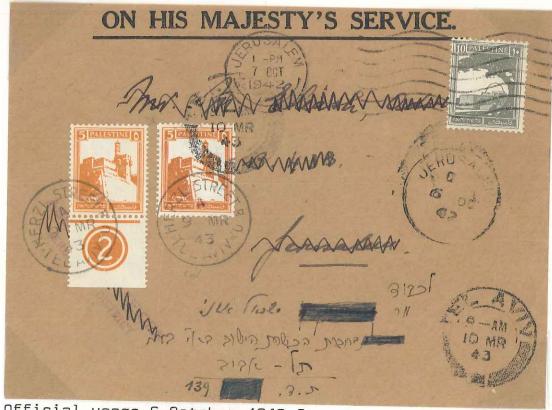
Agricultural Office Tulkarem to the Agricultural Office Tel Aviv, 19 September 1943. A scrap of paper was used to transcribe the letter, it was folded and marked O.H.M.S. by hand.



From the Aide De Camp to the High Commissioner, sent to a member of the Legal Department, carried "by hand" in January 1946. It contained an invitation to visit the High Commissioner.



From Field Post Office 201 (Jerusalem), 19 July 1941. Early usage of Navy, Army and Air Force Institutes handstamp.



Official usage 6 October 1942 from Assessing Officer, Jerusalem, unfranked. Cover reused by a civilian 7 October 1942 with 10 mil pictorial. Reused again on 9 March 1943 with two five mil pictorials – proper rate for Inland mail.

Letter without cover from Palestine Police to father of Yehoshua Cohen. At the time, Cohen was in prison (The Gilgil) in Kenya for right wing activities against the Mandate Government. The letter acknowledges receipt of two pounds for spending money to be forwarded to the internee. Cohen later became the personal bodyguard and inseparable companion of David Ben Gurion, to whom he admitted that he had been one of the three assassins of Count Bernadotte on 17 September 1948.





Multiple use of austerity cover:

- 1) Hebron 25 May 1944
- 2) Jerusalem 6 June 1944
- 3) Tel Aviv
  7 June 1944
  Cover shows several government
  handstamps.

Ladrohuash, Haife Early
3 lock up waie lags potended for Chippert awal have been autumed to Pr. Stores.
- 4 OCT. 1947 A DEPUTY GONTROPLER of POSTS
NR 796 HEAD POSTMASTER HAIFA
The buys an shill on hand.
(NORTH)  HAIFA  Date: The DET 19A7  Ref. No
E 7 OCT 1947 HEAD POSTMASTER HAIFA

Notes between Haifa Post Offices re: mail bags. Folded letter sent and answered on same piece. The handstamps were used to identify both the sender and the recipient.



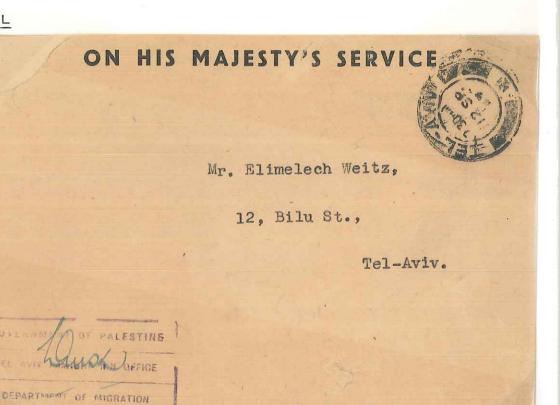
Letter from the District Officer of settlements in Tel Aviv, 14 July 1947, to the Farmers Cooperative pertaining to the treatment of citrus groves against Black Scale. The letter was folded as shown and mailed without an envelope. It was returned to sender stamped "Embarrassing Postal Packet" postmarked Tel Aviv, 16 July 1947. The Palestine Post Office Guide issued by the Postmaster General stated as follows:

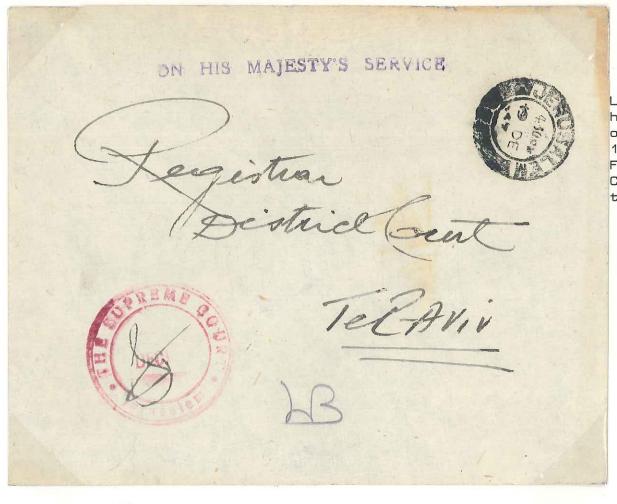
"EMBARRASSING PACKETS: Packets of such a form or so made up for transmission by post as to be likely to embarrass the officers of the post office in dealing with packets in the post are prohibited from transmission by post".

The postal service considered any piece of mail "embarrassing" if it caused confusion or led to errors in delivery.

This piece is the only known combination of Government mail with an "Embarrassing Postal Packet" handstamp.

Local Tel Aviv
cover to Emil
Weitz from Department of Migration,
12 September 1947.
Emil Weitz was a
founder of the
Judaica Historical
Philatelic Society
and author of
"Jewish History
Through Philately".



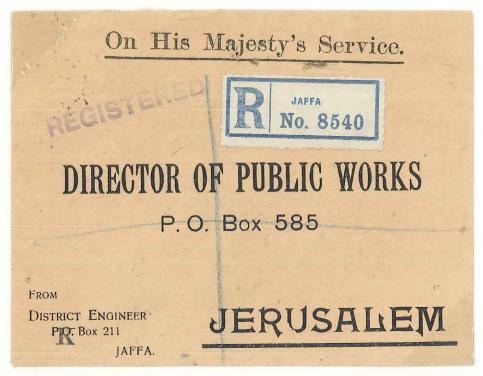


Late use O.H.M.S.
handstamp instead
of printed cover,
19 December 1947.
From Supreme
Court, Jerusalem
to Tel Aviv.

Late usage using handstamp instead of printed stationery, 4 March 1948. One of the last known official covers from Nablus. Handstamped "Custom House, Nablus".



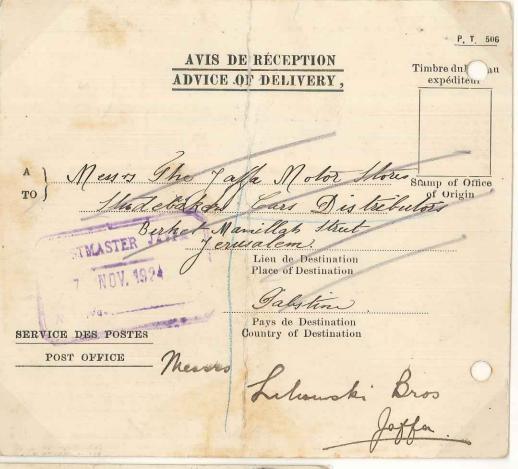
Late usage using handstamp for O.H.M.S., 21 April 1948. Addressed in Hebrew which was unusual for



Early registered cover from District Engineer, Jaffa, 17 November 1921 to Director of Public Works, Jerusalem. Arrived 18 November 1921. Arrival cancel on reverse.



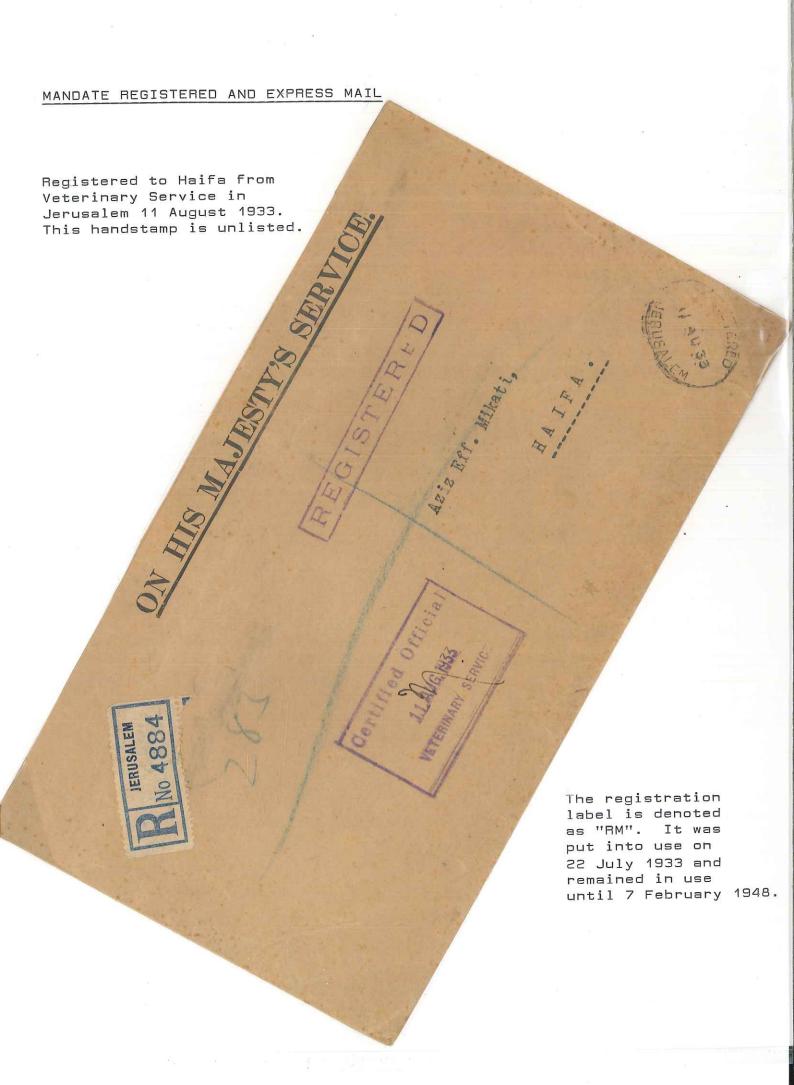
Registered and Express cover from Nazareth District Engineer with P.T. Form 534 Express Seal. Franked 25 mil Proper Express rate, 13 December 1940, with Jerusalem arrival cancel on reverse. Early Advice of
Delivery of Registered Mail from
the Postmaster,
Jaffa to Jerusalem
7 November 1924.

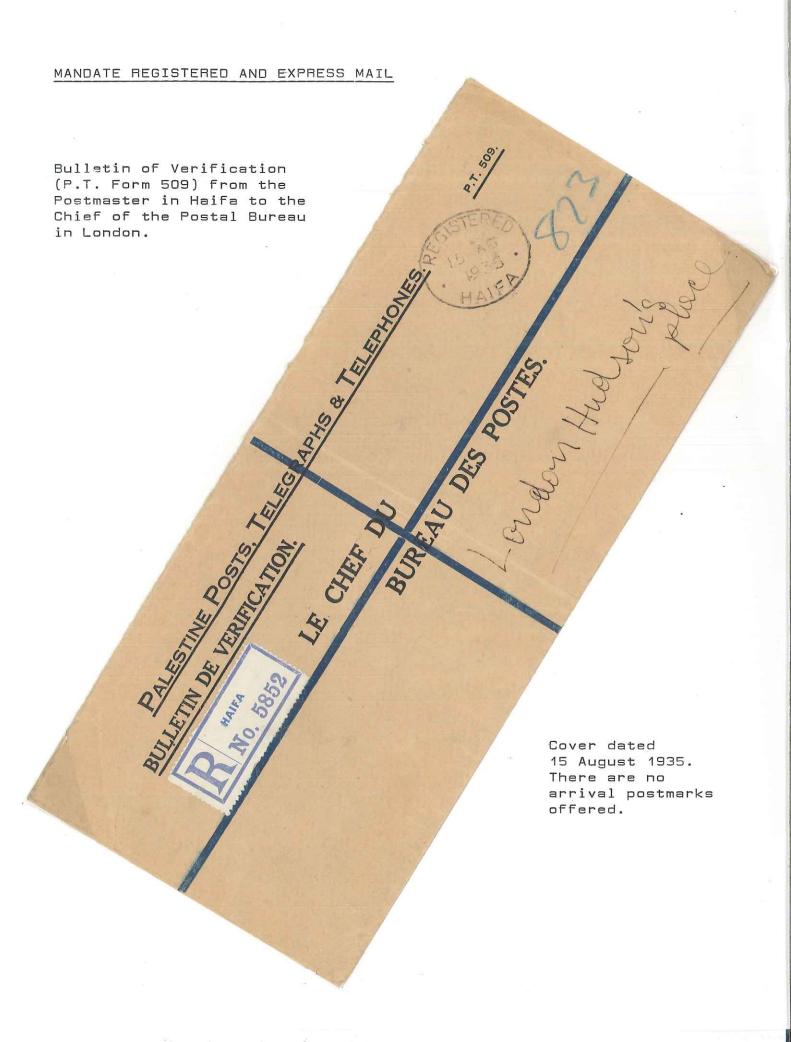


ADMINISTRATION DES POSTES DE PALESTINE  POST OFFICE OF PALESTINE	1
AVIS DE RÉCEPTION.	
ADVICE OF DELIVERY.	
diune lettre avec valeur déclarée de	F
d'un objet recommandé	1
of a registered article	1
of a parcel insuced for	1
of \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1
expédié par } M Sour Alirian	F
et adressé à and addressed to M. Secretain Central (à at	ı
(full address) Town planning Commission prinsaless	
Bureau D. A Le Soussigné { qu'un elettre avec valeur déclarée } à l'addresse qu'un colis postal avec valeur déclarée } à l'addresse susmentionnée	
The undersigned an insured letter a registered letter acknowledges that	1
En et provenant	
and posted at   livré le delivered on the } was duly   1939	1
du destinataire (3) de l'agent du bureau distributeur of the addressee	1
of the addressee of the Postmaster of the Delivering Office	
1 Nature de l'objet } lettre, échantillon, imprimé, etc. } Nature of article } letter, sample printed paper, etc. } 2 { Bureau ; No. d'enregistrement au même bureau Office of Origin; date of posting at this Office; No. of registration at this Office;	-
3. Note:-Cet avis doit être signé par le destinataire ou, si le règlement du pays de destination le comportent, par l'agent du bureau distributeur, et renvoyé ensuite par le premier courrier directement à l'addresse indiquée au recto	-
Note:-This advice must be signed by the addressee, or if the postal regulations of the country of destination so provide by the Postmaster of the Delivering Office, then sent by the first mail to the address shown on the other side.	

Reverse of Advice of Delivery for Registered letter mailed to the Secretary of the Jerusalem Town Planning Commission, 5 June 1929.

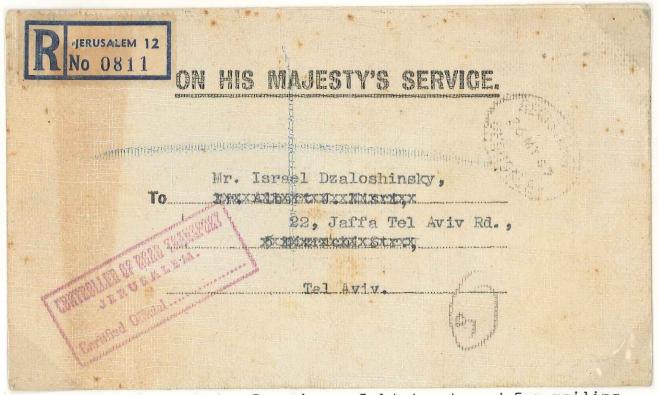
13 mil fee for return receipt is affixed.



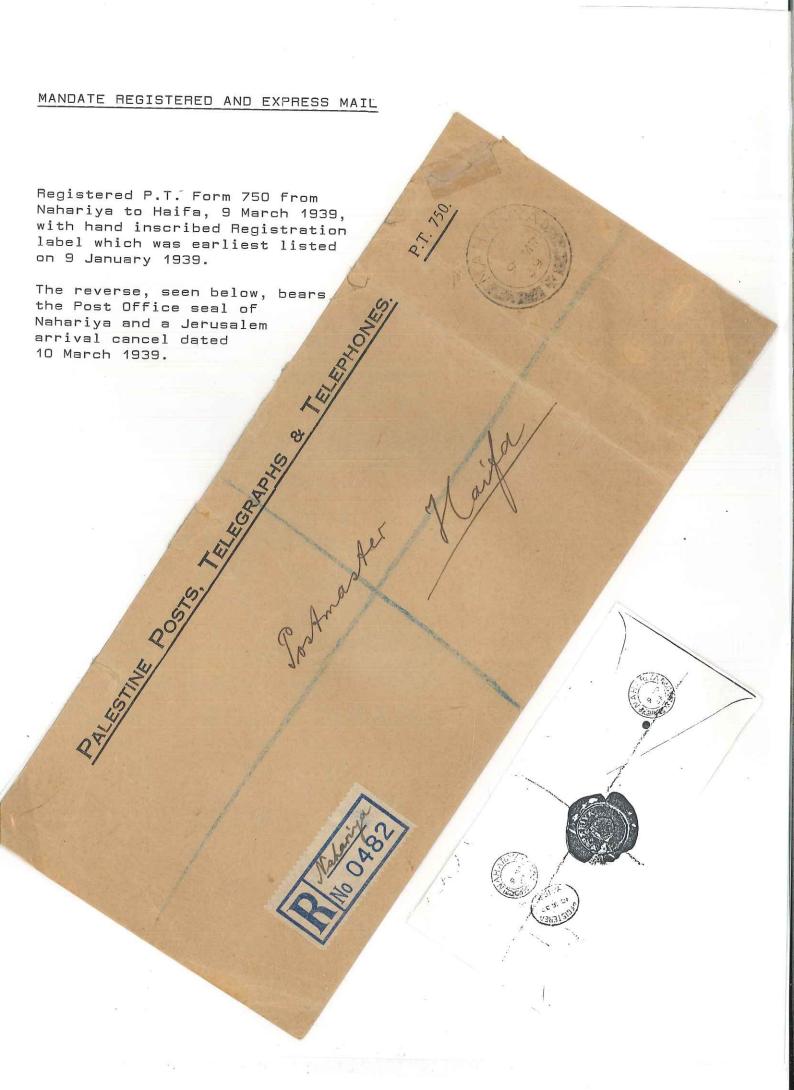




Registered from Ramat Gan to Jerusalem, 14 February 1939. Handstamped "Inspector of Police, Ramat Gan Police Station".

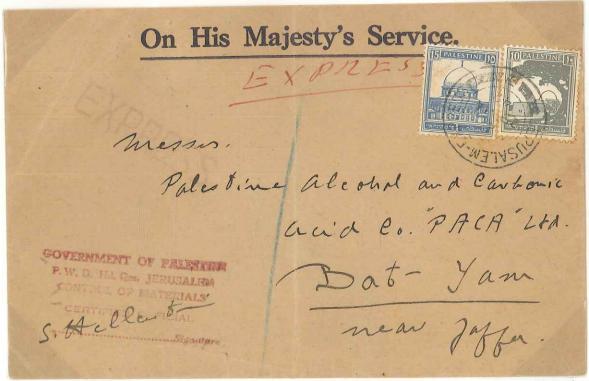


Registered Defense Order for tires, folded and used for mailing 26 May 1947. Handstamped "Controller of Road Transport, Jerusalem.



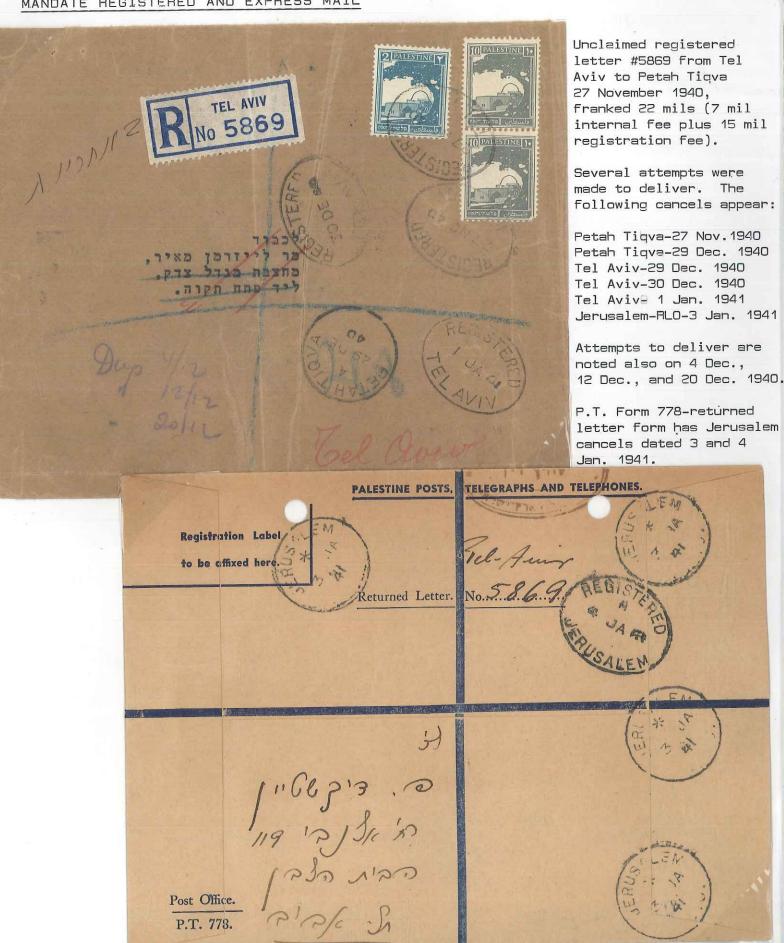


Registered and Express, Jerusalem to Tel Aviv, 29 August 1940.. Handstamped "Public Works Department". 25 mil Express paid.



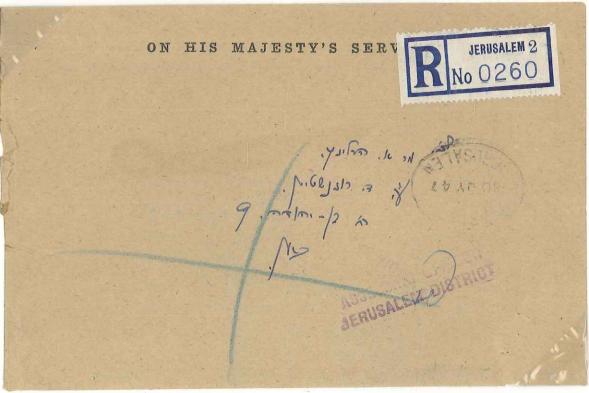
Express mail, Jerusalem to Bat Yam, 29 January 1942. Handstamped "Public Works Department, Material Control Division", 25 mil Express fee paid.

# MANDATE REGISTERED AND EXPRESS MAIL

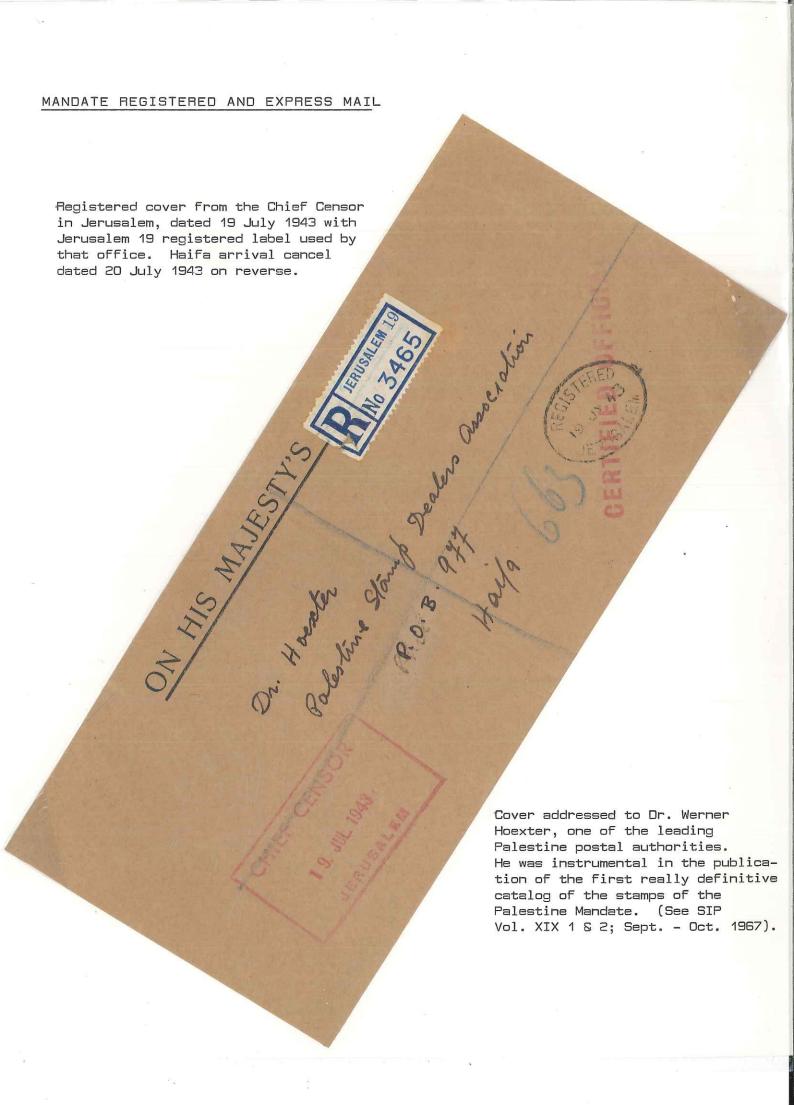


Registered cover from Lydda, 18 February 1942 to one of the pioneer settlers of Palestine, Jehushua Hankin. He was a founder of Rishon Le Zion and Petah Tikvah.





Registered OHMS cover 30 July 1947 with Jerusalem 2 registration label. Local cover from the Assessing officer in Jerusalem without added franking for registry.

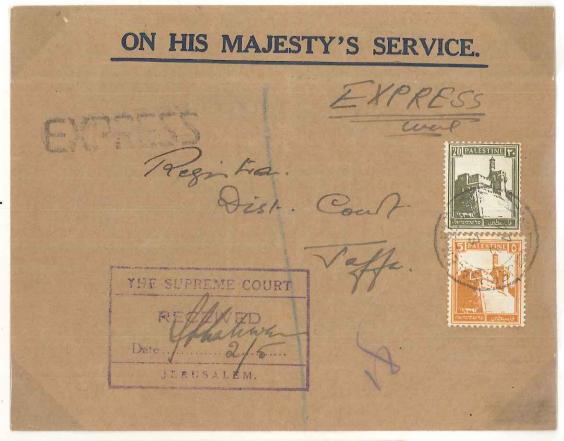




An unusual pair from the Secretary of Posts, Telephone, and Telegraph listing charges for telephone usage: (1) To the Commerce office in Haifa (in Hebrew); (2) To the head of the Arab community in Acre (in Arabic).

The "Jerusalem T" is unusual since it is a rubber stamp instead of a label and was used only by the Telephone and Telegraph Department. This marking was in use for only one month. 31 July 1943 is the latest known date.

Express Mail with
"Supreme Court"
handstamp. Franked
25 mils, Jerusalem
to Jaffa, 2 May 1944.





Express cover 12 January 1944, franked 25 mils with Jerusalem Express cancel.

"Private Secretary" handstamp unlisted in G&S.

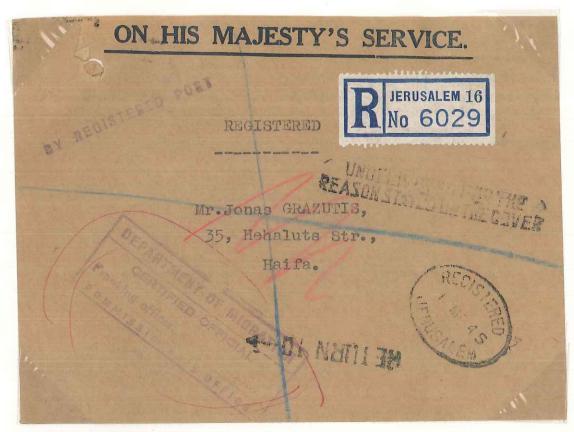
# Multiple usage:

- 1) Jerusalem to Haifa 31 May 1944.
- 2) Haifa to Jerusalem 4 June 1944.
- 3) Jerusalem to Jaffa 7 June 1944.

25 mil Express rate on first usage. The red lines through the stamps show they are not applicable to subsequent usage.

Two "Supreme Court" handstamps appear on the cover.





Registered Mail - Jerusalem 1 March 1945 to Haifa. Handstamped "Department of Migration". Undelivered and returned. The Jerusalem 16 Registered label was used only by the Department of Immigration. The only date shown in G&S is 1 June 1940.

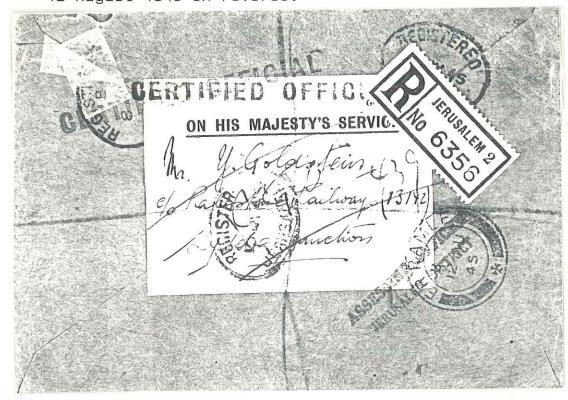


Registered cover, Haifa, 23 November 1946. Cover unusual in that it bears two handstamps from the same agency, "Stores Superintendent, Palestine Railways."



Much traveled Registered cover:

- Safad to Jerusalem, 7 July 1945 only recorded date of "Department of Health" handstamp. Arrived Jerusalem 8 July 1945.
- 2) Registered, Jerusalem 10 July 1945, from Income Tax Office to Lydda Junction.
- 3) Postmarked Jaffa, 12 August 1945.
- 4) Postmarked Er Ramle, 11 July 1945 on front and 12 August 1945 on reverse.

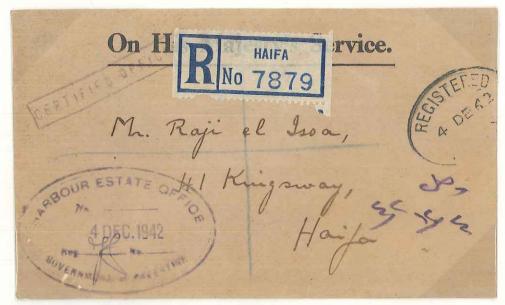




Registered Haifa local mail, 13 March 1944, with "Land Settlement" handstamp, latest date shown in Sacher.



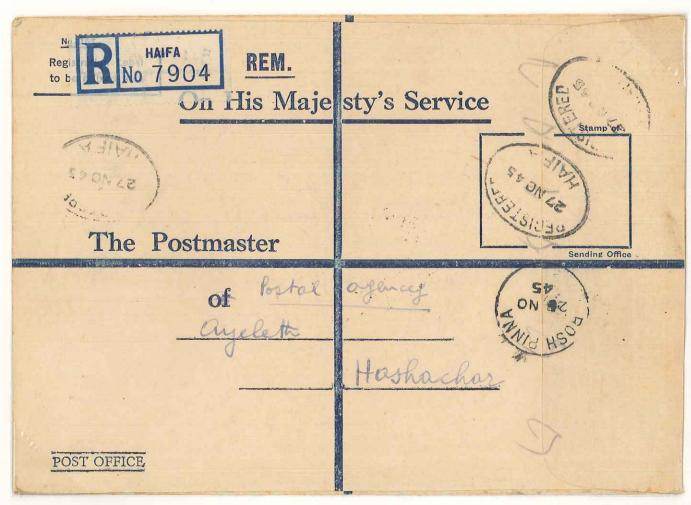
Registered from Nazareth, 16 December 1946, to Haifa. Franked 40 mil express rate with handwritten "Ex" next to registration label. Only recorded date of handstamp in Sacher is 15 August 1946.



Registered Haifa local mail. "Harbour Estate Office" handstamp date of 4 December 1942 is the earliest date shown in Sacher.



Registered and Express from Jaffa to Haifa, 17 April 1947. Franked 40 mil Express rate. Latest recorded usage of Lydda Food Controller handstamp.



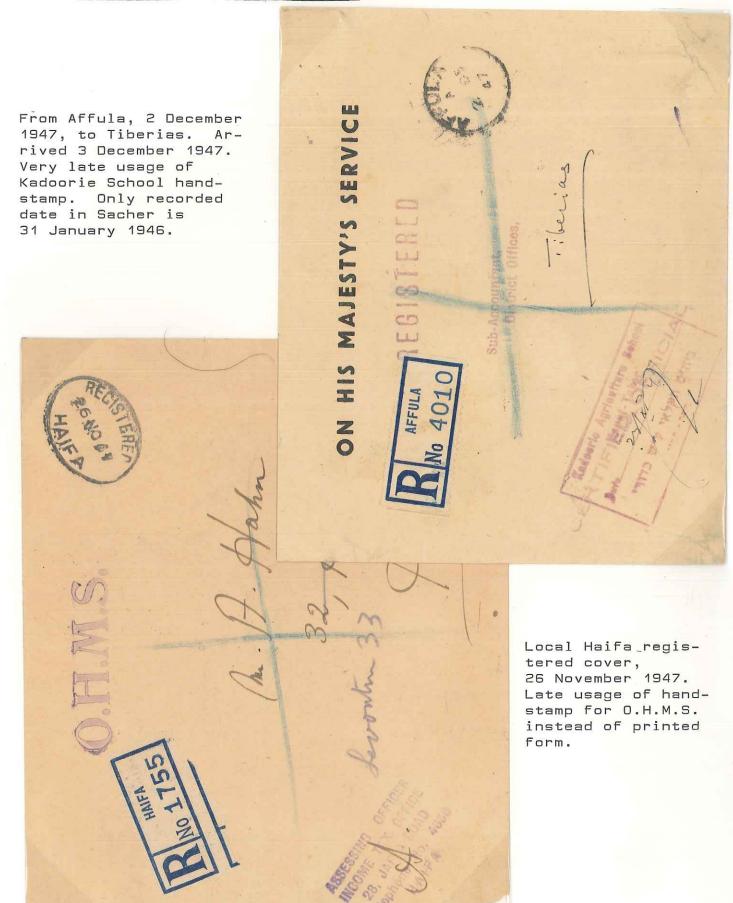
Registered envelope mailer - used to transmit mail from one mandate office to another. Mailed from Haifa 27 November 1945, via Rosh Pinna to the postal agency in Meshek Ayelet Hashahar (a Class C agency opened at this Kibbutz on 9 April 1944). The word "meshek" (Hebrew for farm) was added to the name of this kibbutz when postal service was put into operation.

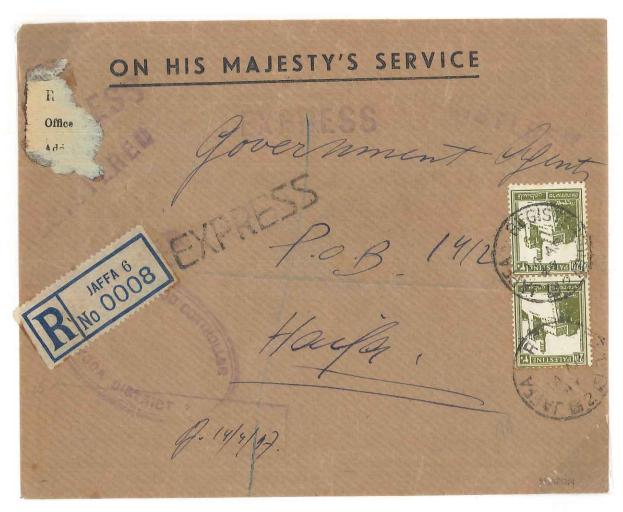


Local Haifa Registered cover, 25 July 1947. "Palestine Customs" handstamp usage later than shown in Sacher.

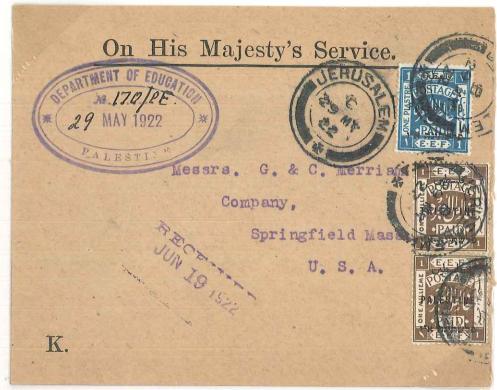


Express Jerusalem to Haifa, 13 October 1947. Franked 40 mil Express rate. Late usage of Commerce and Industry handstamp.

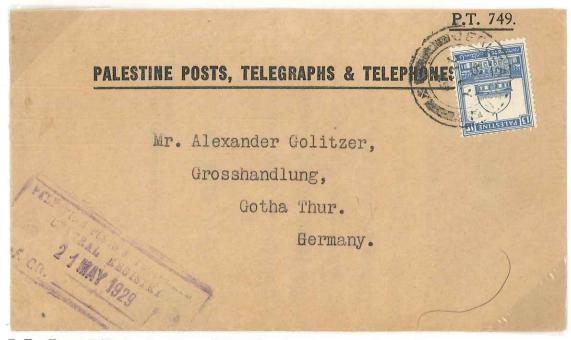




From the District Food Controller in Jaffa (the Lydda District) to the Government agents in Haifa 15 April 1947. The 40 mil franking for Express Mail is proper. There is no charge for registration. The Registration Label, Jaffa 6, was used by the Food Controller's office.

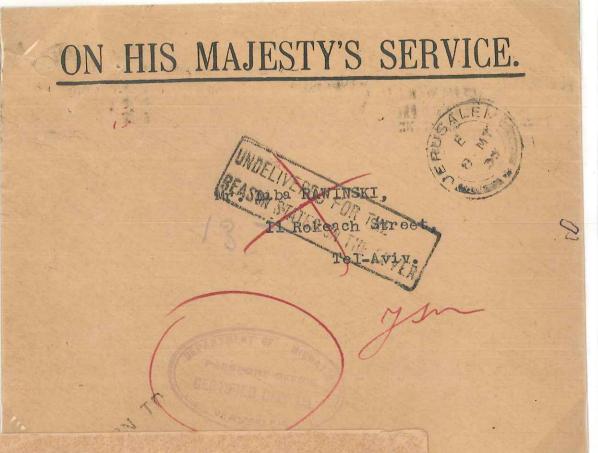


From Department of Education in Jerusalem 29 May 1922 to Springfield, Massachusetts. Franked with one 1 piastre and two 1 mil London I. Franking is one mil short of proper rate of 13 mils. The handstamp is a variation not listed in G&S.



P.T. Form 749 to Germany from the Central Registry in Jerusalem, 21 May 1929, with proper 13 mil franking.

Local mail returned to Department of
Migration, making use of the
government
handstamp for
the return
address. Mailed 8 May 1935,
returned
16 May 1935.



# ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE.

LAUFE JAFFA CRAF UND GRAPEFRU

Dr. S. E. Soskin,

Nahariah Small Holdings, Ltd.,

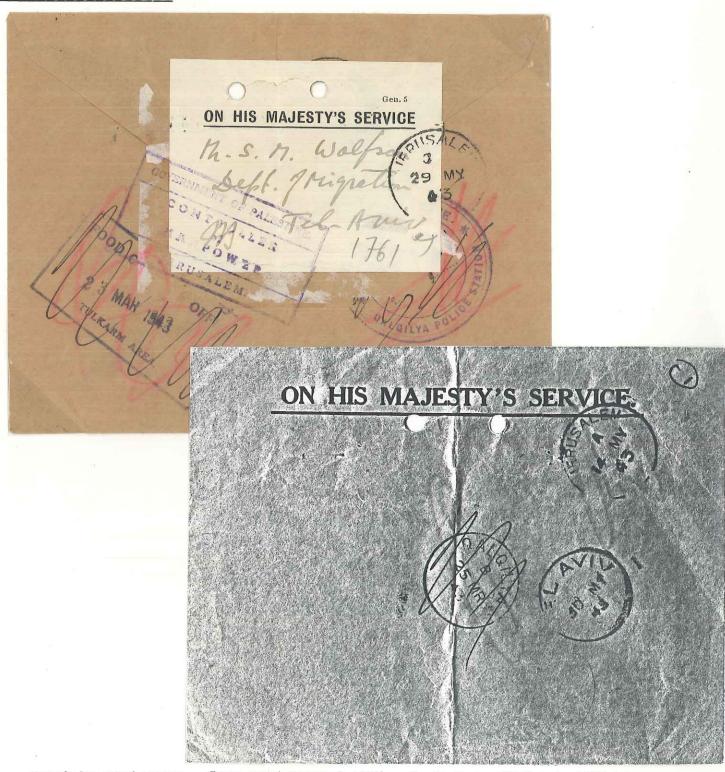
Nahariah,

Nr. Haifa.

Cancelled with
Jaffa Orange
cancel even
though no postage was necessary. Handstamp 9 December
1936 - earlier
date than listed.

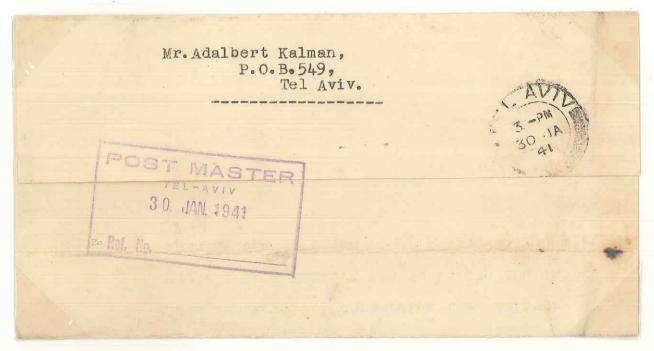


## MANDATE INLAND MAIL

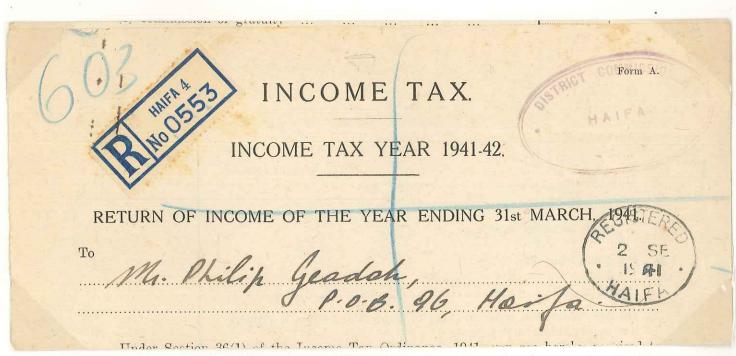


Multiply used cover - from Food Control Office in Tulkarm 23 March 1943 to Qalqilya Police Station (arrival postmark 25 March 1943 on reverse); also a Jerusalem arrival postmark dated 14 May 1943 indicating additional usage. Final usage from Controller of Manpower, Jerusalem 29 May 1943, to Department of Migration in Tel Aviv. Arrival postmark on reverse dated 30 May 1943.

## MANDATE INLAND MAIL



Department of Posts & Telegraphs lettersheet from Postmaster at main Post Office, Tel Aviv. 30 January 1941.

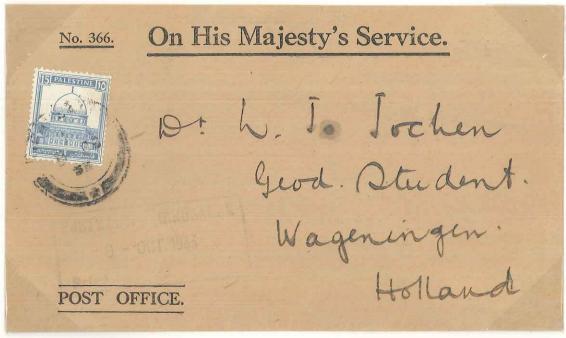


Income tax form mailed from the District Tax Commissioner in Haifa, 2 September 1941.

1932, to Beirut, Syria Franked (now Lebanon). 15 mil, proper rate. cel. Department of Customs handstamp is later date than listed in Sacher.



Franked "Department of Antiquities" handstamp is twelve years earlier than the only copy reported in G&S.



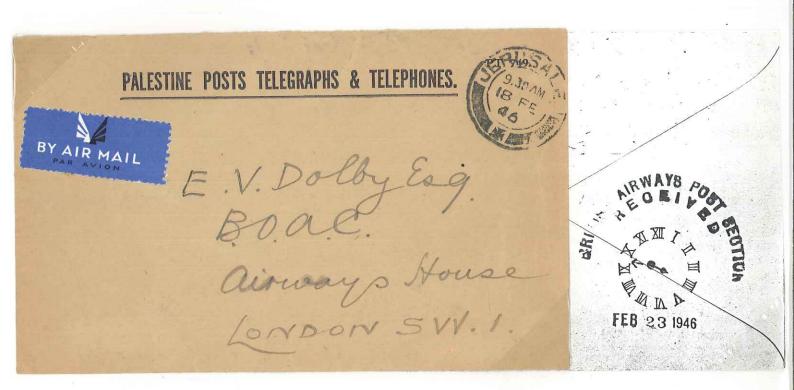
From Postmaster, Jerusalem to Wageningen, Holland, 9 October 1933. Franked proper 15 mil rate.



From Jerusalem to United States, 12 April 1939. 10 mil franking improper, should be 15 mils. Red markings indicate end of airmail service, balance of delivery by land or ship.



Airmail to Berkeley, California, via the U.K. Backstamped from the Veterinary Service in Jerusalem, 2 February 1946. Franked 130 mils airmail rate.



From Jerusalem to London, 18 February 1946 on BOAC Time Test Flight. Arrived 23 February 1946, as shown on handstamp.

#### MANDATE FOREIGN MAIL



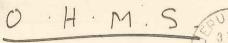
The Postmaster General and Officers

of the

Department of Posts & Telegraphs, Palestine,

Department of Posts & Telegraphs, Palestine send their Best Wishes for the New Year.

Jerusalem, 1st January 1940.





BUY JAFFA ORAN AND GRAPEFRU ACHETEZ LES ORANG LES GRAPEFRUTTOS KAUFE JAFFA CRA UND GRAPEFRU



Le Directeur General,

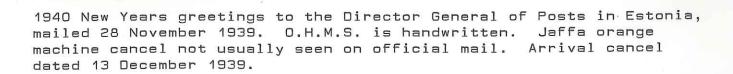
PALESTINE POSTS A TELEGRAPHS
HEADQUANTERS BEGISTRY

28 NQV. 1939

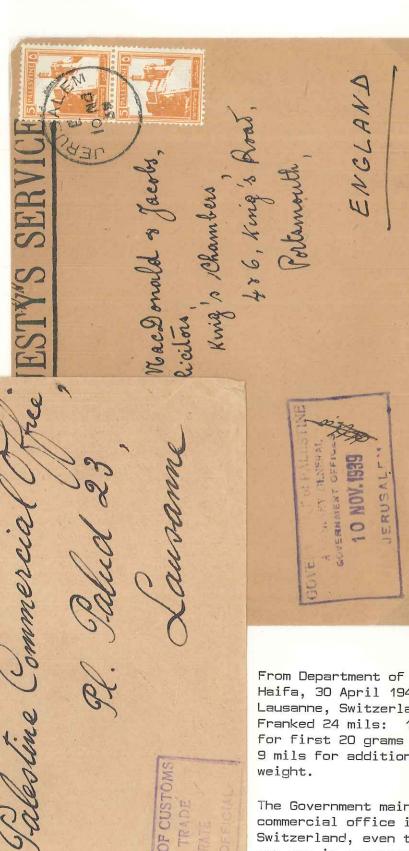
Haf. No. H R....

Postes et Telegraphes,

Tallinn, Esthonia.



From Attorney General, Jerusalem, 10 November 1939, to Portsmouth, England. Franked 10 mils, proper rate to Great Britain.



From Department of Customs, Haifa, 30 April 1940, to Lausanne, Switzerland. 15 mils for first 20 grams and 9 mils for additional

The Government maintained a commercial office in Switzerland, even though war was in progress.



PT 749.

R.P. O'Neill Esq. ,

ANY REPLY SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE CHIEF ACCOUNTANT.

P. T. 216/1. YOUR REFERENCE

GENERAL POST OFFICE, JERUSALEM.

30 September 1943.

Sir,

With reference to your letter dated 1st July 1943, I have to inform you that Postage Stamps and Postage Due Labels of the current issue as detailed below, may be obtained on application to the Chief Accountant, General Post Office, Jerusalem, Palestine: -

2.193					
Postage Due Labels.					
114					
043 2. 350					

- The equivalent in English currency is £. 2.7.0.
- 3. Your remittance should be made by means of a Money Order or a Banker's draft made payable to the Postmaster General, Palestine.

I am, Sir, Your obedient servant,

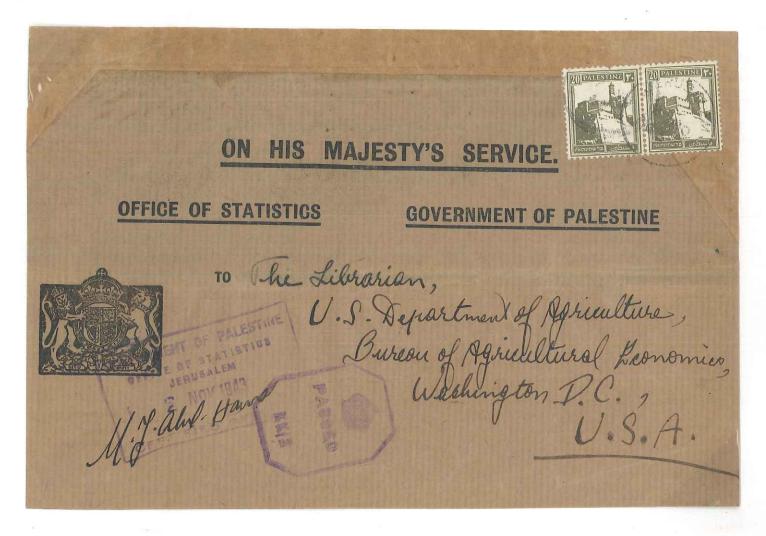
POSTMASTER GENERAL.

R.P. O'Neill Esq., Cordelia, California, U.S.A.

From General Post Office, Jerusalem to United States, 20 October 1943.

Letter enclosed from Postmaster General answering a request for prices on current Mandate postage stamps.

Unusual since government mail was censored.

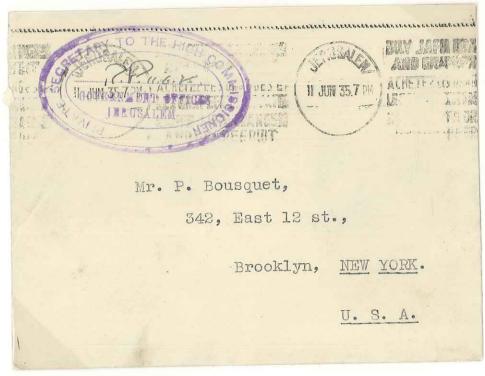


Official wrapper used to send printed matter to the Bureau of Agriculture in Washington, D.C. The wrapper was used by the Office of Statistics in Jerusalem and is handstamped by that office on 2 November 1943. The octagonal censor mark KK2 is listed in G&S as being in use only until September 1943.

The rate for printed matter sent abroad was, at that time, 5 mils per 50 grams. This wrapper is franked with two 20 mil Pictorials indicating that the package weighed eight times the base rate.

Military cover, Ramleh to England, 3 August 1928. Unusual usage of peacetime official military mail accepted by civil post without franking.





From High Commissioner's office in Jerusalem,
11 June 1935, to New York.
Cancelled with Citrus slogan cancel in use for only two years. Mailed without franking and not taxed, although proper overseas rate was
15 mils. Handstamp usage is earlier than listed in GSS.

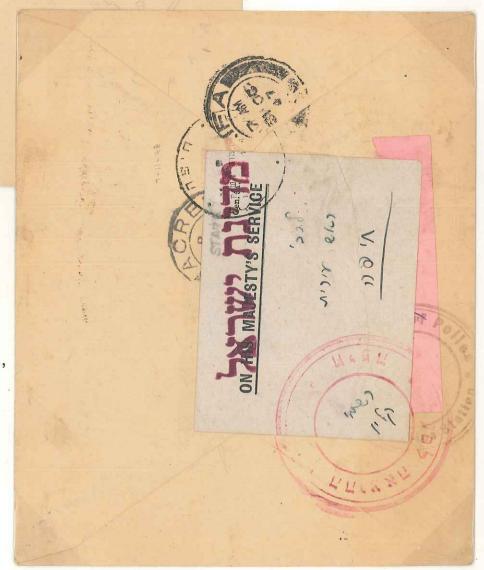
4-14

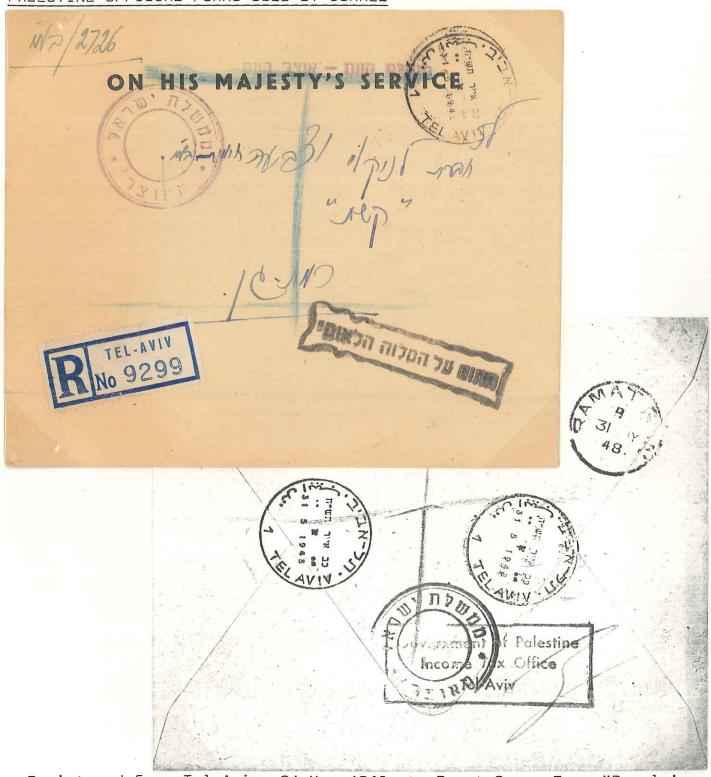


Local Haifa cover, 9 June 1948, with Mandate "Department of Health" handstamp overstamped "State of Israel"; unusual usage.

# Multiple use cover:

- 1) From Director of Police, Haifa, 31 October 1947.
- 2) From Acre, 1 December 1947.
- Used by Israel from Haifa,
   November 1948.
   O.H.M.S. was overprinted
   "State of Israel" in
   Hebrew.





Registered from Tel Aviv, 31 May 1948, to Ramat Gan. From "People's Administration, Treasury Department", with a slogan handstamp for a national loan.

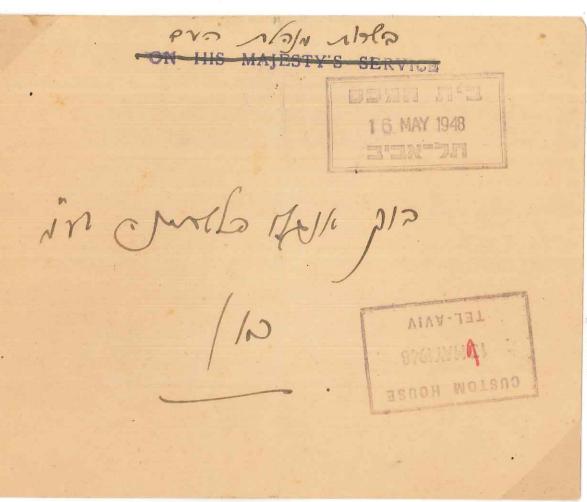
The arrival cancel in Ramat Gan was a Mandate cancel which was in use by several small towns until July 1948.

Unusual usage of Mandate "Income Tax Office" handstamp.





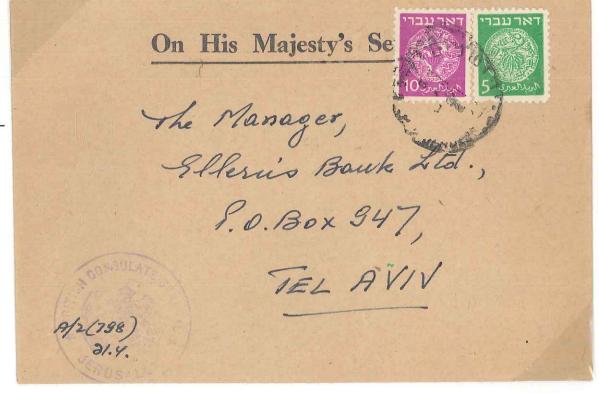
P.T. Form 749 registered, with Official Mail" stamped in Hebrew. Tel Aviv postmarks dated 23 January 1949 and Military Mail postmarks dated 24 January 1949. On reverse, O.H.M.S. label changed to "In the service of the State of Israel" addressed to the Military Censor of the Tel Aviv area. Hendstamped "The Israel Police, Central police station of the Tel Aviv area."



OHMS cover from the Custom House in Tel Aviv, 16 May 1948, to the Anglo Palestine Bank. "OHMS" crossed out and "In the service of Minhelet Haam" is handwritten in Hebrew.

The latest recorded date of the Custom House handstamp is 5 April 1948.

OHMS cover from the British Consulate General in Jerusalem 21 April 1949 to Tel Aviv. Franked with 10 Mil and 5 Mil Doar Ivri stamps.



,				
	INLAND	PARCEL POST DESPA	P.T. 238.	
	Date Stamp of Office of Origin  Insured for  (Pounds to be write (Pounds to be write)  Gross weight in grammes (ifinsured)  Herewith parcel(s) Ex	stage surance cpress Fee cpress Fee (חבילה (חבילה (חבילה (חבילה (חבילה (אות)	te Stamp	Inland Parcel F Note with Pales Parcel Post Lab attached. Bear post office car (Jerusalem), da 1949 and Haifa mark dated 23 F
	Impression of seal used to close the parcel.	שמעתמשים א ( דר פ החבילה	الاسم ١٠٤٨ المنوان عرق المنوان عرق المنوان عرق المنواز المنوز	79.1
	(S) (ראה מעכר למופס)	EE OVER) (	JAME de JAME	AND ADDRESS OF SENDER.  וויים ולתישל פשיפוי השוטח

Inland Parcel Post Despatch Note with Palestine (Haifa) Parcel Post Label #3791 attached. Bears Israel army post office cancel #5 (Jerusalem), dated 22 February 1949 and Haifa (Israel) postmark dated 23 February 1949.

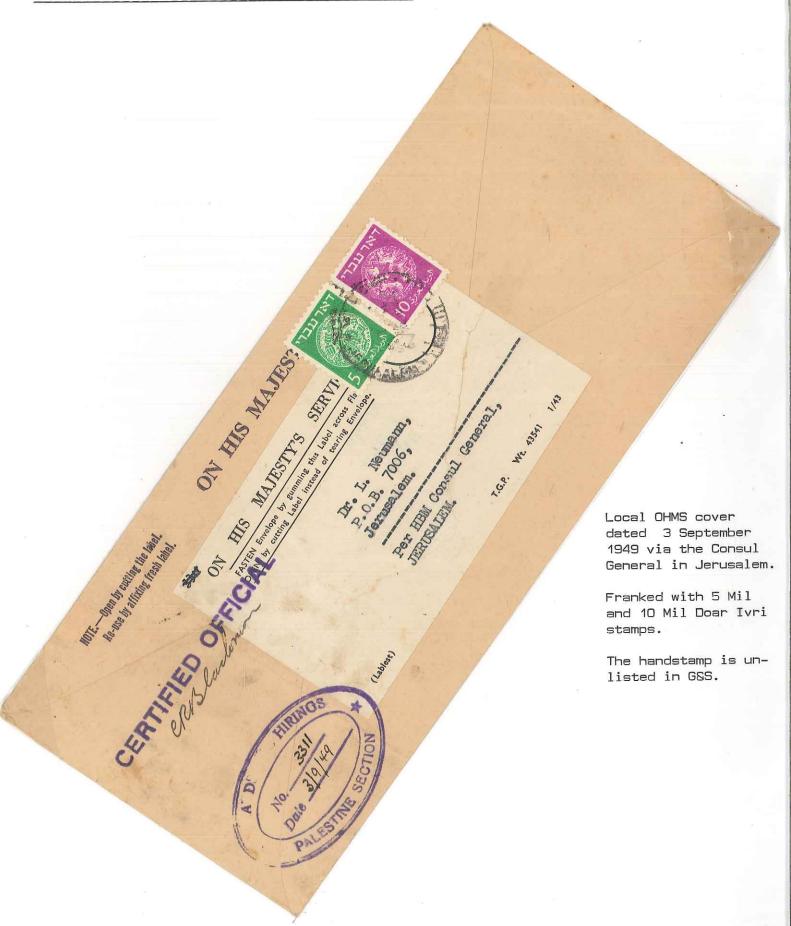
Postage Stamps

to be affixed

here.

Reverse bears two 50 mil Doar Ivri stamps and Haifa (Israel) postmark dated 3 March 1949.



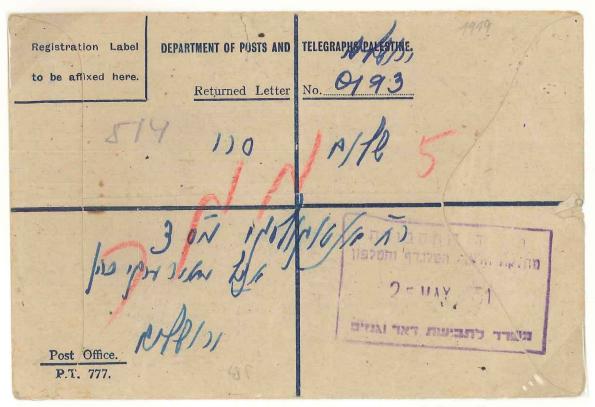


מִטְיַר הַתַּתְבוּרָה MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATION

ביתלקת הדאר, הטלגרף והטלפון
DIVISION OF POST, TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE



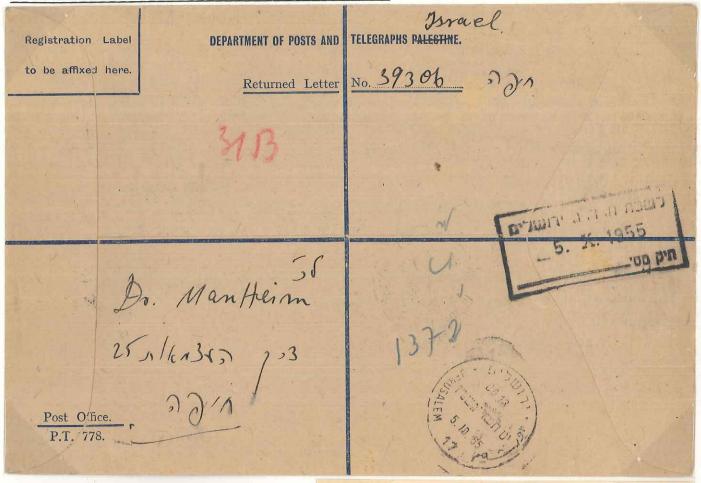
P.T. Form 11 from Kinneret, 4 March 1949, to the Manager, Department of Accounts, Haifa. Used for delivery of a telegram.



P.T. Form 777, Returned Letter Form, used by Israel Post from Jerusalem to Tel Aviv, 28 May 1951.



Registered Envelope Mailer #172, mailed to U.S. by Israeli Ministry of Transport & Communications, Department of Posts, Telegraphs & Telephones, Philatelic Services. From Tel Aviv 17 December 1952, arrived Bronx, New York 28 January 1953, sealed with tape used by Mandate Post Offices.



Very late usage of a Palestine form by Israel, 5 October 1955, from Jerusalem to Haifa.

The cover is P.T. Form 778 which was used to return a letter to the sender.

The Hebrew enclosure shown here was prepared by the Israeli Postal Service. It advised the sender that undeliverable letters are returned without delay, unopened, if there is a visible return address.

ממרד חדואר

₩ 754 . 0.7

ירושלים, \$ אוקני 1955

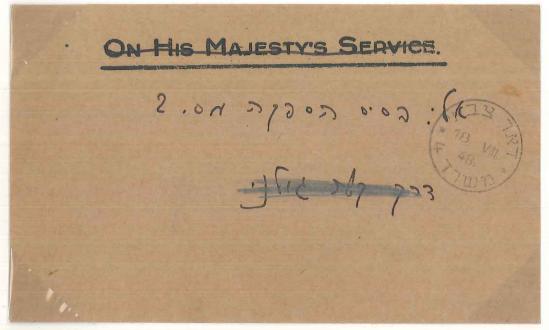
מצורף מכתב רטום סלא נמסר למעודתו ונפתח בבית הדואר בהתאם לתקנות.

מכתבים טלא נמסרו לתעודתם מוחזרים לטולחיזום בלי כל עכוב ומבלי טיפתחום אם חם נוסאים על המעטפה את טמן ומענו טל הטולח בכתב או בדפוס.

החתאם לכך חנני ליעצך י לפיין בעתיד על מעטפות מכתביך את שמך וכתובתך.

מנחלש רותי חדואר

(6.7.55/xy/UK/587)



Official stationery used by Israeli army, 18 August 1948.



Late usage of P.T. Form 777, 8 March 1950, by Division of Postal Claims and Valuables. Note: "Palestine" crossed out and replaced with "Jerusalem" in Hebrew. Handstamped in Hebrew, "Dead Letter Office".